

AGENDA

REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS Tuesday, February 4, 2025 – 4:00 PM

Modular C Classroom 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, CA 92220

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Administration Office at (951) 769-2160. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the Hospital to make reasonable arrangement to ensure accessibility to this meeting. [28 CFR 35.02-35.104 ADA Title II].

TAB

I. Call to Order S. DiBiasi, Chair

II. Public Comment

A five-minute limitation shall apply to each member of the public who wishes to address the Hospital Board of Directors on any matter under the subject jurisdiction of the Board. A thirty-minute time limit is placed on this section. No member of the public shall be permitted to "share" his/her five minutes with any other member of the public. (Usually, any items received under this heading are referred to staff for future study, research, completion and/or future Board Action.) (PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS FOR THE RECORD.)

On behalf of the Hospital Board of Directors, we want you to know that the Board acknowledges the comments or concerns that you direct to this Board. While the Board may wish to occasionally respond immediately to questions or comments if appropriate, they often will instruct the Hospital CEO, or other Hospital Executive personnel, to do further research and report back to the Board prior to responding to any issues raised. If you have specific questions, you will receive a response either at the meeting or shortly thereafter. The Board wants to ensure that it is fully informed before responding, and so if your questions are not addressed during the meeting, this does not indicate a lack of interest on the Board's part; a response will be forthcoming.

GENERAL TOPIC

III. Brown Act Education T. Jeffry A

OLD BUSINESS

IV. *Proposed Action - Approve Minutes S. DiBiasi

• January 7, 2025, Regular Meeting

В

NEW BUSINESS

V. Hospital Board Chair Monthly Report S. DiBiasi verbal

VI.	CEO Monthly Report	S. Barron	verbal				
VII.	February, March, and April Board/Committee Meeting Calendars	S. DiBiasi	С				
VIII.	Annual Completion of FPPC Statement of Economic Interest (Form 700) for 2024 (complete forms due back by March 10, 2025)	S. DiBiasi	verbal				
IX.	Hospital Board Chair – Appoint 2025 Committee Members (Copy of 2024 Committee Members included as informational)	S. DiBiasi	D				
X.	2025 Slate of Officers (2024 Slate of Officers included in packet for reference)	S. DiBiasi	Е				
	 * Proposed Action – Nominate/Approve 2025 Hospital Board Chair ROLL CALL 						
	 * Proposed Action – Nominate/Approve 2025 Hospital Board Vice Chair ROLL CALL 						
	 * Proposed Action – Nominate/Approve 2025 Hospital Board Secretary ROLL CALL 						
	 * Proposed Action – Nominate/Approve 2025 Hospital Board Treasurer ROLL CALL 						
XI.	Committee Reports:						
•	Finance Committee O December 17, 2024, regular meeting minutes * Proposed Action – Approve December 2024 Financial Statement ROLL CALL	S. DiBiasi/ D. Heckathorne (Unaudited)	F				
•	Human Resources Committee O January 15, 2025, regular meeting minutes O Reports	S. Rutledge/ A. Karam	G				
XII.	Chief of Staff Report – Recommendations of the Medical Executive Committee – Informational	S. Khalil, M.D. Chief of Staff	Н				
XIII.	* Proposed Action – Recommend Approval to the Healthcare District Board of Policies and Procedures ROLL CALL	Staff	I				
XIV.	Community Benefit events/Announcements/ and newspaper articles	S. DiBiasi	J				

*** ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION/APPROVAL IN CLOSED SESSION

S. DiBiasi

- ➤ Proposed Action Recommend approval to Healthcare District Board Medical Staff Credentialing (Health & Safety Code §32155; and Evidence Code §1157)
- ➤ Receive Quarterly Performance Improvement/Risk Management Report (Health & Safety Code §32155)
- ➤ Receive Quarterly Emergency Preparedness/Environment Safety Report (Health & Safety Code §32155)
- Receive Quarterly Corporate Compliance Committee Report (Health & Safety Code §32155)
- ➤ REPORT INVOLVING TRADE SECRET

 Discussion on proposed change in hospital services and operations Estimated Date of Public Disclosure: September 2025

XV. ADJOURN TO THE CLOSED SESSION OF THE HOSPITAL BOARD

* The Board will convene to the Open Session portion of the meeting approximately 2 minutes after the conclusion of Closed Session.

RECONVENE TO OPEN SESSION

*** REPORT ON ACTIONS TAKEN DURING CLOSED SESSION

S. DiBiasi

XVI. Future Agenda Items

XVII. ADJOURN

S. DiBiasi

*Action Required

In accordance with The Brown Act, *Section 54957.5*, all public records relating to an agenda item on this agenda are available for public inspection at the time the document is distributed to all, or a majority of all, members of the Board. Such records shall be available at the Hospital Administration office located at 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, CA 92220 during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

I certify that on January 31, 2025, I posted a copy of the foregoing agenda near the regular meeting place of the Board of Directors of San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital, and on the San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital website, said time being at least 72 hours in advance of the regular meeting of the Board of Directors

(Government Code Section 54954.2).

Executed at Banning, California, on January 31, 2025

Ariel Whitley, Executive Assistant

ariel Whitley

TAB A



Marin Municipal Water District January 7, 2020

Harriet A. Steiner









Purpose of the Brown Act

To guarantee the public's right to attend and participate in meetings of local legislative bodies.









Purpose of the Brown Act

"The people, in delegating authority, do not give their public servants the right to decide what is good for the people to know and what is not good for them to know. The people insist on remaining informed so that they may retain control over the instruments they have created."

(Cal. Gov. Sec 54950)







CA Constitution Art. 1, sec. 3(b)(1)

The people have the right of access to information concerning the conduct of the people's business, and, therefore, the meetings of public bodies and the writings of public officials and agencies shall be open to public scrutiny.

(approved by the voters Nov. 3, 2004)







Goal of the Brown Act

- Promote transparency and public trust through:
 - Public Access to Meetings
 - Public Attendance and Participation in Meetings
 - Open Deliberations and Action







Brown Act: Basic Prohibition

- Legislative body members may not hold a meeting when a majority of them, at the same time and place "hear, discuss, deliberate or take action on" an item within their subject matter jurisdiction unless it is properly noticed and held
- Includes technological devices and means calls, texts, e-mail







"All Meetings of..."

"Meeting" includes any gathering of a *majority* of the *members* of a legislative body at the *same time and location* to *hear, discuss, deliberate, or take action* upon any item which is within its *subject matter jurisdiction*.

§ 54952.2(a)

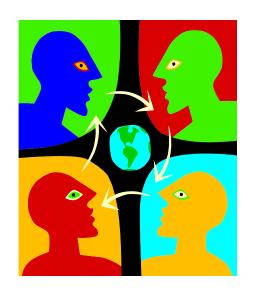






What is a Meeting?

Key Point: A "meeting" is hearing, discussing, deliberating, OR taking action Action does not have to be taken!









Brown Act: What Is Permitted

- Individual contacts/conversations between a member and another person. Gov't Code 54952.2(c)(1)
- Individual expression of an idea
- One-way informational communication to members of legislative body









Committees

An *advisory committee* composed solely of board members but less than a quorum of the board is *not* subject to the Brown Act, **unless:**

- It is a standing committee that has continuing subject matter jurisdiction;
 or
- It has a meeting schedule fixed by formal action of the council or board. § 54952(b)







Committees

- Ad Hoc Committees are <u>not</u> Standing Committees
 - Do not have a continuing subject matter jurisdiction
 - Do not have a fixed meeting schedule
 - Can meet privately are not required to comply with the Brown Act
 - Limited in scope
 - Advisory in nature
 - Report back to the Legislative Board







Standing Committees

Attendance by Other Board Members
 May Attend "only as observers"
 54952.2(c)(6)







Committees of the Whole

- Not addressed expressly in the Act
- If more than a quorum is present it is a meeting of the Board
- Special subject matter discussion
- Useful when the board wishes to focus on specific matters at specific meetings







Dual Noticing – Joint Meetings

- Board Meetings with other Legislative Bodies – Notice Both meetings
 - Must comply with all Act requirements
 - Can be done on one or on separate agendas
 - Must be held within one of the entities
- Board "Committees of the Whole"
 - Special meeting v. regular meeting
 - Scope of meeting







Teleconferencing

- Agenda notice
 - Must list and then must post notice at all teleconferencing locations
- Accessibility to the Public
- Location of members at least a quorum must be within the Agency's Jurisdiction
- All votes must be by Roll Call







Serial Meetings Prohibited

Daisy Chain

 Member A contacts Member B, and Member B contacts Member C, and so on, until a quorum has been involved.





Hub and Spoke

 An intermediary -- such as a member of a student organization-- contacts at least a quorum of the members to develop a collective concurrence on action to be taken by the legislative body.







Serial Meetings

Key Point: Serial meetings are prohibited

*A majority of the members of a legislative body shall not...use a series of communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries, to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body."

§ 54952.2(b)(1)



Technology-Based Meetings

Use of e-mail or other technology/media by a majority of a legislative body to discuss, deliberate, or take action on items within the body's jurisdiction violates the Brown Act.



Brown Act: Technological Devices

- During a Board meeting, 3 of 5 members frequently look down into their laps. A local blogger later asks if they violated the Brown Act by sending texts or e-mails to each other about agency business.
- Was the Brown Act violated?
- Yes, if concerned public business







Meeting Documents

 The public has the right to review agendas and other writings distributed to a majority of the Council (except for privileged documents).

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§§ 54957.5(a), (b), (d)
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- Writings distributed during a meeting must be made available for inspection:
 - at the meeting, if prepared by the agency or a member of the Council, or
 - after the meeting, if prepared by some other person.

§ 54957.5(c)





Public Agencies Are Connecting

- Public agencies are increasingly trying to use social media
- Easy, efficient, and low-cost way to communicate with residents
- Wide range of uses
- May reach residents where other forms of media do not or cannot







Why Use Social Media?

- Increase transparency in government
- Publicize events and projects
- Quickly distribute information
- Reduce costs; increase efficiency
- Solicit policy feedback
- Encourage civic engagement
- Improve relationships with community
- Foster information sharing









Brown Act: Improper Twitter "Meetings"?



Four different users "retweeting" and responding to one other user, in a series of comments and opinions:

- Brown Act violation?
- Individual Contacts?
- Daisy Chain Meeting?

A series of seemingly innocent "retweets," read in conjunction with one another, may reflect an improper majority discussion on an issue.





be the Kindle?

about 11 hours ago from web



Brown Act in Cyberspace

- Serial meetings in cyberspace are "open and public"
 - Blog/Newspaper/Facebook/NextDoor comments
 - Has the Brown Act been satisfied?
 - Race to be first to comment?
 - Is "openness" the critical factor?









Brown Act in Cyberspace



- Blog post: Agency seeking new GM
- Comment #1 (board member): We need someone with great communication skills.
- Comment #2 (board member): And with a high degree of technical knowledge
- Comment #3 (board member): Anyone will be better than the last guy
- Comment #4 (resident): Has the Brown Act just been violated?







Brown Act: Best Practices

- Do not hit "reply all," especially to messages sent to the entire board
- Do not send message to the entire board
- Do not comment on online posts, especially if another member of the legislative body already

has











QUESTIONS?









Harriet Steiner, Partner Best Best & Krieger harriet.steiner@bbklaw.com







TAB B

MINUTES: Not Yet Approved by

Board

REGULAR MEETING OF THE SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS

January 7, 2025

The regular meeting of the San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital Board of Directors was held on Tuesday, January 7, 2025, in Modular C meeting room, 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, California.

Members Present: Pat Brown, Susan DiBiasi (Chair), Doris Foreman, Perry Goldstein, Darrell

Petersen, Ron Rader, Steve Rutledge, Lanny Swerdlow

Members Absent: Shannon McDougall

Required Staff: Steve Barron (CEO), Dr. Hildebrand (Vice Chief of Staff), Angie Brady (CNE),

John Peleuses (VP Ancillary and Support Services), Ariel Whitley (EA/Director of Comp. and Privacy), Annah Karam (CHRO), Dan Heckathorne (CFO),

Valerie Hunter (Foundation Director), Sal Sanchez (Facilities Director)

AGENDA ITEM		ACTION /
		FOLLOW-UP
Call To Order	Chair, Susan DiBiasi, called the meeting to order at 4:03 pm.	
Public Comment	No public comment.	
	•	
OLD BUSINESS		
Proposed Action -	Chair, Susan DiBiasi, asked for any changes or corrections to the minutes	The minutes of the
Approve Minutes	of the December 3, 2024, regular meeting. There were none.	December 3, 2024,
Approve vinutes	of the December 5, 2024, regular meeting. There were none.	regular meeting will
December 3, 2024,		stand correct.
regular meeting.		stand correct.
regular meeting.		
NEW BUSINESS		
Hospital Board Chair	Chair DiBiasi welcomed and introduced our new District board members,	
Monthly Report	Pat Brown and Doris Foreman. Chair DiBiasi also announced that the	
	District Clinic in partnership with Apna Health is open and the ribbon	
	cutting ceremony will take place on January 24 th .	
CEO Monthly Report	Steve Barron reported that the Stroke Program at the hospital has been	
_	successful. Around 50 stroke patients presented to the ED and around 27	
	of them were admitted. We have been busy with lots of volume; however,	
	many associates are out sick.	
January, February,	Calendars for January, February, and March were included on the board	
and March	tablets.	
Board/Committee		
meeting calendars		

AGENDA ITEM					ACTION / FOLLOW-UP
Reminder – All Hospital Board Members Annual Execution of Confidentiality and Nondisclosure Agreement	Chair DiBiasi no Agreement is p signature. These Ariel Whitley.				
FOR REVIEW – Committee Assignments	Chair DiBiasi noted that the committee assignments are included for review. Assignments will be announced at the February 2025 board meeting.				
FOR REVIEW – Existing Slate of Officers	Chair DiBiasi noted that the 2024 Slate of Officers was included on the board tablets as informational. The proposed approval for the 2025 Slate of Officers is scheduled for the February 2025 meeting to be effective at the March 2025 board meeting.				
Proposed Action – Approve Mission/Vision/Values Statement	Approve Statement is reviewed and re-approved annually by the Hospital Board No changes were recommended.				
	Brown	Yes	DiBiasi	Yes	Vision, and Values Statement as
	Foreman	Yes	Goldstein	Yes	presented.
	McDougall	Absent	Petersen	Yes	
	Rader	Yes	Rutledge	Yes	
	Swerdlow	Yes	Motion carried.		
Proposed Action – Appoint Ad Hoc Bylaws Committee	The board did not a				
Foundation Quarterly Report	Foundation Director, Valerie Hunter, gave the Quarterly Foundation Report.				
Quarterly Construction Update	John Peleuses, Vice President of Ancillary and Support Services, gave a detailed report about current construction projects and the status of each.				
COMMITTEE REPOR	TTS:				<u> </u>

AGENDA ITEM					ACTION / FOLLOW-UP
Finance Committee Proposed Action – Approve November 2024 Financial Statement (Unaudited).	Dan Heckathorne, CFO, reviewed the Executive Summary of the November 2024 Financial Report which was included on the board tablet. A copy of the Finance Committee's December 17, 2024, meeting minutes were also included on the board tablet. BOARD MEMBER ROLL CALL: Brown Yes DiBiasi Yes Foreman Yes Goldstein Yes McDougall Absent Petersen Yes Rader Yes Rutledge Yes Swerdlow Yes Motion carried.				M.S.C., (Rader/Rutledge), the SGMH Board of Directors approved the November 2024 Financial Statement as presented.
Revised Balance Sheet – December 17, 2024, Finance Committee Meeting – Informational Proposed Action – Recommend approval to the Healthcare District Board of the Renewal of the 2025 Annual Dues for the	The DHLF is the groplanning for all matter California Healthcare outlined in the attach	M.S.C., (Rutledge/Petersen), the SGMH Board of Directors voted to recommend approval of the Renewal of the			
District Hospital Leadership Forum Chief of Staff Report Recommendations of the Medical Executive Committee — Informational	to MEC Mer	e. The report w Approval of Po morandum date	as provided as info	rmational. s – See list attached 25.	2025 Annual Dues for the District Hospital Leadership Forum to the Healthcare District Board.

AGENDA ITEM					ACTION / FOLLOW-UP
Proposed Action – Recommend Approval to the Healthcare District Board of Policies and	There were sever recommended appro	oval to the Heal	thcare District Board	•	M.S.C., (Rutledge/Petersen), the SGMH Board of Directors voted to recommend approval
Procedures	Brown Foreman McDougall Rader Swerdlow	Yes Yes Absent Yes Yes	DiBiasi Goldstein Petersen Rutledge Motion carried.	Yes Yes Yes Yes	to the Healthcare District board of the policies and procedures as submitted.
Community Benefit events/Announcement s/and newspaper articles	Miscellaneous information Beaumont Chamber Breakfast	r Breakfast is	this Friday. Bannin		
Adjourn to Closed Session	Staff Creder	Closed Session vapproval to the ntialing Quarterly Environt Report	vill be: Healthcare District I onment of Care/Life	Board – Medical	
Reconvene to Open Session	The meeting adjourn Chair DiBiasi report the Closed Session a Recommende Staff Creder be disclosed	ted on the actions follows: Indicate the approval to the approval to the the chief of Quarterly Environments.	session at 5:52 pm.	et Board – Medical rovider which will staff Office	
Future Agenda Items	• None				
Adjourn	The meeting was ad	journed at 5:53	pm.		

In accordance with The Brown Act, *Section 54957.5*, all reports and handouts discussed during this Open Session meeting are public records and are available for public inspection. These reports and/or handouts are available for review at the Hospital Administration office located at 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, CA 92220 during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

Respectfully submitted by Ariel Whitley, Executive Assistant

TAB C



February 2025

Board of Directors Calendar

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4 4:00 pm Hospital Board Meeting 6:00 pm Healthcare District Board Meeting	5	6	7 SGMH's Valentines Day Boutique	8
9	10	11 9:00am Dr. Jasleen Singh speak- ing @ Beaumont Senior Center	12	13	14 7:00am Beaumont Chamber Breakfast	15
16	17 Admin Closed— Presidents' Day!	18	19 7:00am Dr. Jasleen Singh speak- ing at Banning Chamber Breakfast	20	21	22
23	24	9:00 am Finance Committee	26	27	28	



March 2025

Board of Directors Calendar

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4 4:00 pm Hospital Board Meeting 6:00 pm Healthcare District Board Meeting	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14 7:00 Beaumont Chamber Breakfast	15
16	17	18	19 7:00 Banning Chamber Breakfast	20	21	22
23	24	25 9:00 am Finance Committee 10:00 am Executive Committee	26	27	28	29
30	31					



April 2025

Board of Directors Calendar

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1 4:00 pm Hospital Board Meeting 6:00 pm Healthcare District Board Meeting	2	3	4 First day of the SGMH Certified Farmers Market	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16 9:00 am HR Committee Meeting 10:00 am Community Planning Meeting	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29 9:00 am Finance Committee	30			

TAB D

San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital Board

Standing Committee Assignments for 2024

Finance Committee

Susan DiBiasi (C), Ron Rader, Darrell Petersen, Steve Rutledge

Human Resources Committee

Susan DiBiasi, Perry Goldstein, Ron Rader, Steve Rutledge (C)

Community Planning Committee

Susan DiBiasi, Perry Goldstein, Shannon McDougall, Darrell Petersen, Ron Rader, Steve Rutledge (C), Lanny Swerdlow

Executive Committee

Susan DiBiasi (C), Darrell Petersen, Steve Rutledge Healthcare District representative – Ron Rader

Note: (C) indicates Committee Chair

TAB E



2024 SLATE OF OFFICERS

POSITION NAME

Chair Susan DiBiasi

Vice Chair Steve Rutledge

Secretary Ron Rader

Treasurer Darrell Petersen

TAB F

MINUTES: Not Yet Approved by Committee

REGULAR MEETING OF THE SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FINANCE COMMITTEE January 28, 2025

The regular meeting of the San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital Board of Directors Finance Committee was held on Tuesday, January 28, 2025, in the Administration Boardroom, 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, California.

Members Present: Susan DiBiasi (Chair), Darrell Petersen, Ron Rader, Steve Rutledge

Members Absent: None

Required Staff: Steve Barron (CEO), Angie Brady (CNE), Daniel Heckathorne (CFO), John Peleuses (VP,

Ancillary & Support Services), Ariel Whitley (Executive Assistant), Annah Karam (CHRO)

AGENDA ITEM		DISC	CUSSION		ACTION / FOLLOW- UP
Call To Order	Susan DiBiasi cal	led the meeting	to order at 9:02 ar	m.	
Public Comment	No public present				
OLD BUSINESS					
Proposed Action - Approve Minutes December 17, 2024, regular meeting	Susan DiBiasi asl the December 17,			ns to the minutes of re none.	The minutes of the December 17, 2024, regular meeting will stand correct as presented.
NEW BUSINESS	1				
Proposed Action – Recommend Approval to Hospital Board of Directors - Monthly Financial Report (Unaudited) – December 2024	The month of E compared to budge	nformational. December result geted negative	ted in a negative EBIDA of \$11.06	ted December 2025 e \$10.88M EBIDA 6M. Overall Surplus negative Surplus of	M.S.C. (Rader/Rutledge), the SGMH Finance Committee voted to recommend approval of the Unaudited December 2024 Financial Report to the Hospital Board of Directors.
	Rader Motion carried.	Yes	Rutledge	Yes	
Future Agenda Items		gram Update tner Discussion	ı		

AGENDA ITEM	DISCUSSION	ACTION / FOLLOW- UP
Next Meeting	The next regular Finance Committee meeting will be held on January 25, 2025 @ 9:00 am.	
Adjournment	The meeting was adjourned at 10:09 am.	

In accordance with The Brown Act, *Section 54957.5*, all reports, and handouts discussed during this Open Session meeting are public records and are available for public inspection. These reports and/or handouts are available for review at the Hospital Administration office located at 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, CA 92220 during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

Minutes respectfully submitted by Ariel Whitley, Executive Assistant



SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL BANNING, CALIFORNIA

Unaudited Financial Statements

for

SIX MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2024

FY 2025

Certification Statement:

To the best of my knowledge, I certify for the hospital that the attached financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact that would make the financial statements misleading. I further certify that the financial statements present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operation of the hospital and all related organizations reported herein.

Note: Because these reports are prepared for internal users only, they do not purport to conform to the principles contained in U.S. GAAP.

Certified by:
Daniel R. Heckathorne

Daniel R. Heckathorne

1/17/2025

CFO

San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital

Financial Report - Executive Summary – 12 17 24
For the Month of December, 2024 and YTD Six Months Ended December 31, 2024

Profit/Loss (EBIDA) Summary (MTD) Positive and (YTD) Positive (comparisons to Budget)

Month - The month of December resulted in negative \$934K Earnings before Interest, Depreciation and Amortization (EBIDA) compared to budgeted negative EBIDA of \$2.39M. Overall Surplus was negative \$1.37M compared to the budgeted negative Surplus of \$2.44M.

YTD – The six months ending December resulted in negative \$10.88M Earnings before Interest, Depreciation and Amortization (EBIDA) compared to budgeted negative EBIDA of \$11.06M. Overall Surplus was negative \$14.02M compared to the budgeted negative Surplus of \$10.87M.

Note: If the unaccrued Supplemental funds, projected DSH and P4P funds, along with provision for lease principal and interest payments were booked, the YTD EBIDA would be a negative \$3.35M compared to the actual negative booked \$10.88M.

Monthly Adjustments and Items of Note:

- All major workload volumes significantly exceeded budget, except for Surgeries.
- HQAF Supplemental income was \$428,074.
- Net IEHP Supplemental income was \$340,941.
- Prop 13 Tax estimates for the first 6 months were increased by \$313,987.
- Other items of note are presented in the Extraordinary Items summary immediately following this Executive Summary.

Monthly Workloads – The December inpatient average daily census was 31.6 compared to the budgeted 24.5. Adjusted Patient Days were 13.5% over budget (2,311 vs. 2,037), while Patient Days were 29.1% over (980 vs. 759) budget. Emergency Visits were 12.2% over budget (4,126 vs. 3,678), and Surgeries were 17.7% under budget (79 vs. 96), and were comparable to the 80 cases the previous December.

YTD Workloads - The inpatient average daily census through December was 21.5 compared to the budgeted 22.4. Adjusted Patient Days were 0.7% under budget (11,577 vs. 11,659), while Patient Days were 4.2% under (3,955 vs. 4,129) budget. Emergency Visits were 3.0% over budget (22,121 vs. 21,475), and Surgeries were 6.8% under budget (602 vs. 646, and 635 in the previous year).

Patient Revenues (MTD) Positive Variance (YTD) Positive Variance

Month - Net Patient Revenues in December were \$5.84M, or \$1.71M over budget. Other items of note included the fact that gross Inpatient Revenues were \$4.85M over budget, and gross Outpatient Revenues were \$1.69M over budget. As discussed in the past, Inpatient Revenues pay a much greater percentage of charges compared to Outpatient Revenues.

YTD – Net Patient Revenues through December were \$31.13M, or \$2.38M over budget. Other items of note included the fact that gross Inpatient Revenues were \$1.05M below budget, and gross Outpatient Revenues were \$6.44M over budget. As discussed in the past, Inpatient Revenues generally pay about 16% of charges, compared to Outpatient Revenues which pay under 9% of charges.

Total Operating Revenues (MTD) Positive Variance & (YTD) Positive Variance

Month – Operating Revenue in December was \$2.08M over budget. This is impacted by the Net Patient Revenues being \$1.71M over budget and the Non-Patient Revenues being \$378K over budget.

YTD - Operating Revenue through December was \$2.67M over budget. This is impacted by the Net Patient Revenues being \$2.38M over budget and the Non-Patient Revenues being \$287K over.

Operating Expenses (MTD) Negative & (YTD) Negative Variance

Month - Operating Expenses in December were \$8.57M which was over budget by \$568K. Key items that impacted Expenses were: 1) Salaries, Wages, Benefits, and Contract Labor were collectively \$263K over budget (5.2% compared to the Adjusted Patient Days being 13.5% over budget). The Wages were \$376K over budget while the Benefits were \$163K under budget and the Contract Labor was over budget by \$50K; 2) Purchased Services were over budget by \$264K due to a) accounting project fees (\$40K), b) legal fees (\$25K, c) Consulting services related to financial year-end cost reports, etc. (\$59K) service agreements (\$42K), and \$125K for the IEHP Patient Experience Lab Fees which were offset by P4P Revenues; 3) Supplies were over budget by \$226K, a large part due to increased patient workloads; 4) Leases and Rentals were under budget due to a favorable YTD true-up of these accounts. Other Items: Non-Operating Revenues & Expenses - 1) Measure A Tax income projected revenues are reduced to \$400K per month based on the new tax rate that was established at the August Board meeting; 2) Interest expenses included accruals for a) \$30K for the recent litigation settlement and b) \$85K for LOC interest; 3) Donations were under budget (\$79K) simply due to timing of receipts for the various projects

Year-to Date — Operating Expenses through December were \$49.11M which was over budget by \$2.13M (4.5%). Key items that impacted Expenses were: 1) Salaries, Wages, Benefits, and Contract Labor were collectively on budget (-\$24K); 2) Purchased Services were over budget by \$1.57M due to a) accounting and other project fees (\$575K), b) Service Agreements (\$324K), c) general purchased services (\$339K), and other consulting fees (\$335K); 3) Supplies were over budget by \$422K including prostheses (\$134K), drugs (\$122K) and general medical supplies (\$177K); 4) Repairs were over budget by \$283K, which included Plant Operation ongoing maintenance project costs of \$238K; Other Items: (See "Monthly" comments above: Property Tax Revenues are under budget \$1.97M, and Interest and amortization costs are \$1.09M over budget due to litigation (\$196K), LOC (\$509K), and booking to the new "normal" for all bonds costs for the first six months. Extraordinary Expense reduction for Salary accruals for 2022 – 2024 totaled \$338K.

Balance Sheet/Cash Flow

Patient cash collections in December were \$4.82M compared to \$4.81M in November and \$5.26M in October. Gross Accounts Receivable Days in December were 63.3 compared to 58.0 in November and 56.5 In October. (Note: A/R Days almost always increase during Holiday months and for a period of time thereafter).

December's operating cash balance was \$5.84M compared to \$5.79M in November and \$14.01M in October. December's Accounts Payable increased to \$13.43 compared to \$10.78M in November and \$12.76M in October. The Line of Credit balance remained at \$12M, the same as it was as of June 27, 2024. Other major changes in December were that IEHP advanced \$4M of its overall Rate Range Supplemental Funding distributions due to San Gorgonio for purposes of making routine A/P and payroll payments. Note: The overall Rate Range payments have been received in January, 2025. Another use of cash in December was the repayment of the final QIP loan of \$2.7M. Finally, the District received tax funding from the County for \$2.8M, which included \$2.1M for Measure A (Bonds) taxes and \$700K for Prop 13 taxes.

Summary

Positive takeaways:

- 1) The patient workloads were significantly increased in December.
- 2) December's Operating revenues were 37% over budget while Operating Expenses only increased by 7.1%.
- 3) IEHP was able to advance \$4M (in December) to the District, which helped support ongoing operations pending final receipt of Rate Range funds in January.

Negative/Challenging takeaways:

1) Non-Operating Revenue/Expenses did not meet budget due to lower Measure A taxes along with there being minimal capital Donations received in December (due to timing differences only).

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П	SGMH DECEMBER 2024 EXTRAORDINARY HEMS IMPACTING OVERALL FINANCIAL OUTCOMES	S OVERALL FINA	NCIAL DUICUMES		1/17/2025
. 2					
3	EXPENSE			INCOME	GAIN/(LOSS)
4					
5	EBIDA ITEMS:				
9					
7	SALARIES / BENEFITS / CONTRACT LABOR & RELATED ITEMS		REVENUES		
8					
6	COMBINED LABOR AND BENEFITS OVER (UNDER) BUDGET	213,043	NET PATIENT REVENUES OVER (UNDER) BUDGET	1,706,491	
10					
11	OTHER EXPENSE		SUPPLEMENTAL REVENUES		
12					
13	ACCOUNTING PROJECT NET OF CONTROLLER & 3 STAFF MEMBERS)	40,367	HOAF DMPH DIRECT PAYMENT	428,074	
14			. 77 8 8 8		
		58,550	IEHP P4P PAYMENTS	346.201	
15	AUDIT, OSHPD, AND OTHER REGULATORY FINANCIAL CONSULTING				
16					
17	LEGAL FEES OVER BUDGET	25,581	IEHP EXPERIENCE LAB REIMBURSEMENT	125,000	-
18					
19	The state of the s				
20					
21	IEHP PATIENT EXPERIENCE LAB FEES (SEE SUPPLEMENTAL REVENUES)	125,000	OTHER REVENUES		
22					
23	GASB LEASE RENTAL TRUE UP FOR FY 2025	(256,000)	PROP 13 TAX ESTIMATE INCREASE (JULY - DECEMBER)	313,987	
24					
25	EXTRAORDINARY NEGATIVE EXPENSES: EBIDA RELATED	206,541	EXTRAORDINARY POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) REVENUES: EBIDA RELATED	2,919,753	2,713,212
26					
27					
28	28 NON EBIDA ITEMS:				
29					
30	LINE OF CREDIT INTEREST EXPENSE	85,000	INTEREST EARNINGS OVER BUDGET	26,617	
31					
32	INTEREST EXPENSE ACCRUAL - LITIGATION MATTERS	33,067	MEASURE A TAX INCOME OVER (UNDER) BUDGET	(328,307)	
33					
34			GRANT RECEIVABLE FOR WOMENS & FAMILY CLINIC EXPENSES	54,990	
35					
	EXTRAORDINARY NEGATIVE EXPENSES: NON-EBIDA RELATED	118,067	EXTRAORDINARY POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) REVENUES: NON-EBIDA RELATED	(246,700)	(364,767)
37					
38	38 Note: These variances are not intended to account for all variances	ariances, but are	., but are meant to highlight key or unusual variations.		
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Each day a patient stays in the hospital is counted as a patient day. This count is normally done at midnight. Equals the average number of inpatients in the hospital on any given day or month. Represents number of patients admitted/discharged into and out of the hospital. Represents the number of patients who sought services at the emergency room. Represents that average number of days that inpatients stay in the hospital. Equals the number of patients who had a surgical procedure(s) performed Number of patients who had a gastrointestinal exam performed Number of babies delivered Inpatient Admissions/Discharges (Monthly Average) Surgery Cases - Excluding G.I. (Monthly Average) Emergency Visits (Monthly Average) Average Length of Stay (Inpatient) Average Daily Census (Inpatient) Patient Days (Monthly Average) Newborn Deliveries (Monthly) G.I. Cases (Monthly)

PRODUCTIVITY

Worked FTEs (includes Registry FTEs)

Worked FTES per APD

Paid FTEs (includes Registry FTEs)

d FIES (Includes Kegistry

Paid FTES per APD

ADJUSTED PATIENT DAYS

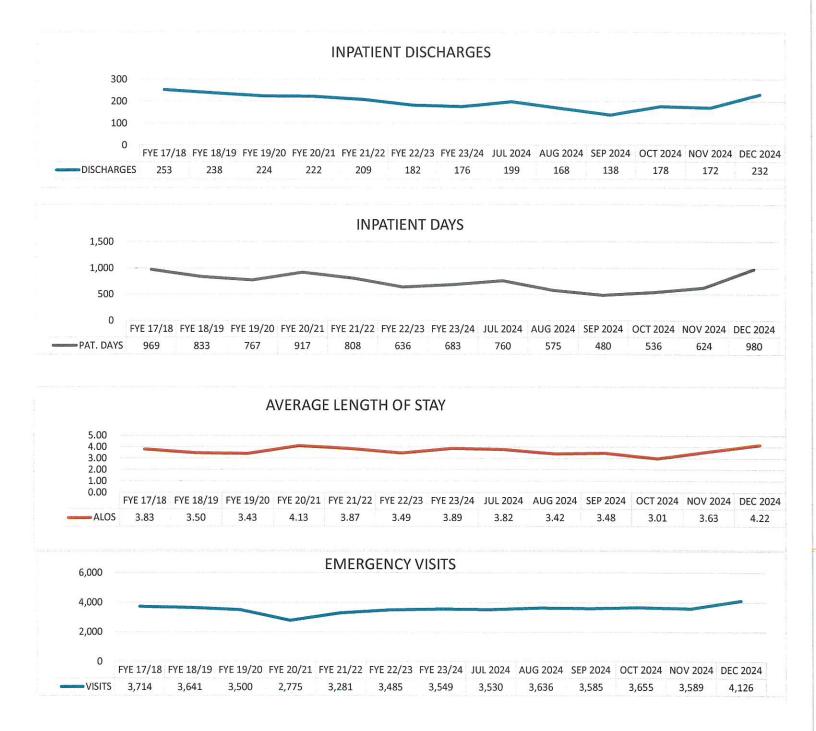
Represents an equivalancy of full-time staff worked. One FTE is equivalent of working 40 hours per week, 80 hours per hours worked by the number of hours in the respective work period (40, 80, etc.) Example: 340 hours worked in an 80 pay period, 173.3 hours per 30 day month, or 2,080 hours in a 52 week year. This calculation divides the number of hour pay period = 4.25 FTE's

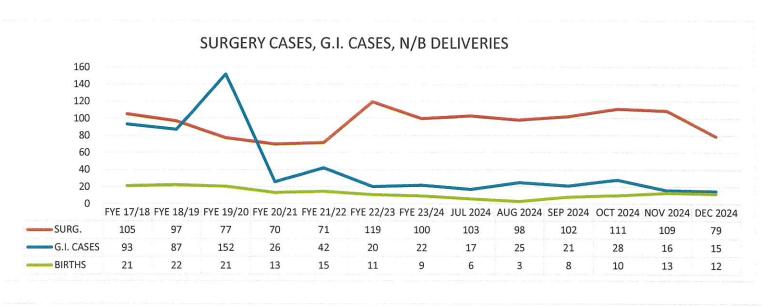
Divides the Total Worked FTE's by the daily average of the Adjusted Patient Days.

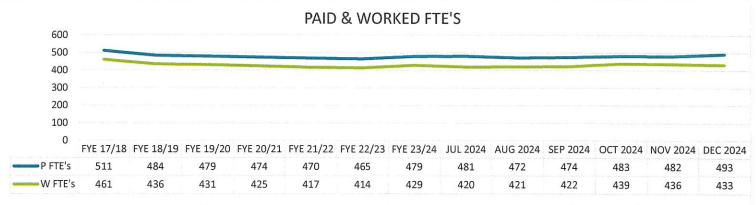
Represents an equivalancy of full-time staff paid. One FTE is equivalent of working 40 hours per week, 80 hours per pay period, 173.3 hours per 30 day month, or 2,080 hours in a 52 week year. This calculation divides the number of hours paid (includes all hours paid consisting of worked hours, PTO hours, sick pay, etc.) by the number of hours in the espective work period (40, 80, etc.) Example: 500 hours paid in an 80 hour pay period = 6.25 FTE's.

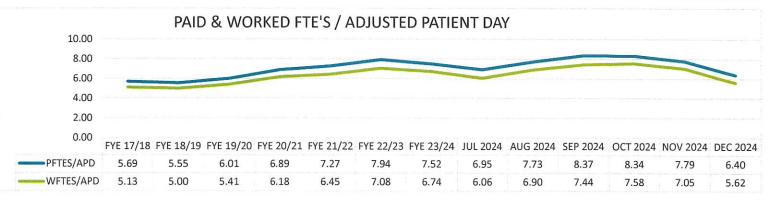
Divides the Total Paid FTE's by the daily average of the Adjusted Patient Days.

This is a blend of total patient days stayed in the hospital for a month, plus an equivalency factor (based on average inpatient revenue per patient day) applied to the outpatient revenues in order to account for outpatient workloads.









INCOME STATEMENT

Reflects the percentage of Gross Patient Revenues (charges) that are expected to be collected. Calculated by dividing Net Equals the sum of all (patient) charges for services provided that are due to the hospital, less estimated adjustments for This reflects all Revenues available for payment of Operating Expenses. This includes Net Patient Revenue plus all other Represents total charges (before discounts and allowances) made for all patient services provided. discounts and other contractual disallowances for which the patients may be entitled. Represents the total staffing expenses of the Hospital Patient Revenue by the Gross Patient Revenue. forms of miscellaneous Revenues. Salaries, Wages, Benefits & Contract Labor (000's) Net Patient Revenue (NPR) (000's) (Monthly Ave.) Total Operating Revenue (000's) (Monthly Ave.) Gross Patient Revenue (000's) (Monthly Ave.) NPR as % of Gross (Monthly Ave.)

Total Operating Expense (TOE) (000's)(Monthly Ave.)

TOE as % of Total Operating Revenue

Identifies the relationship that Operating Expenses have to the Total Operating Revenues.

Operating Expense reflects all costs needed to fund the Hospital's business operations.

SWB + Contract Labor as % of Total Operating Revenue Identifies what portion the Operating Revenues are spent on staffing costs.

EBIDA (000's)(Monthly Average)

Net Patient Revenue vs. Total Labor Expense

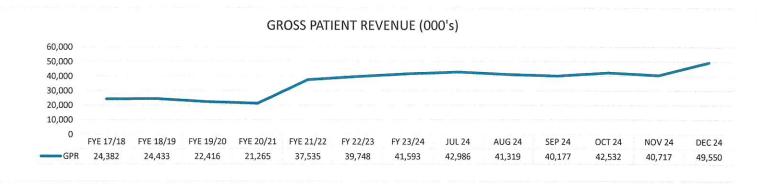
EBIDA as % of NPR

Operating Revenues (Normalized), Expenses, Staffing Expenses, and EBIDA (Normalized)

Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation, and Amortization. This reflects the difference between Net Operating Revenues and Total Operating Expense. This is a quick measurment of the Hospital's ability to meet its financial obligations and have additional funds for equipment replacement and future growth of the organization.

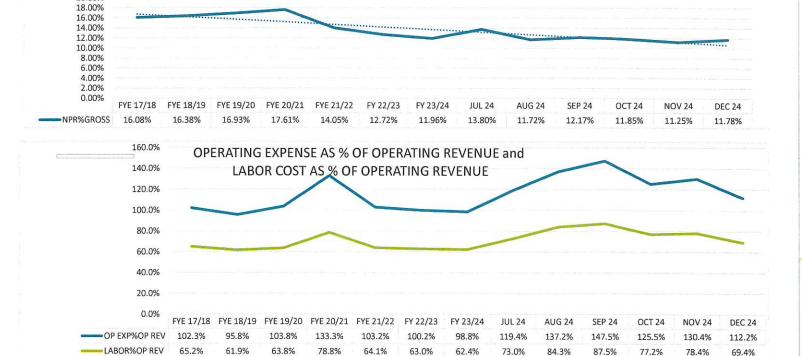
This measurement is a guage of the surplus (or deficit) of funds available for operations and future growth.

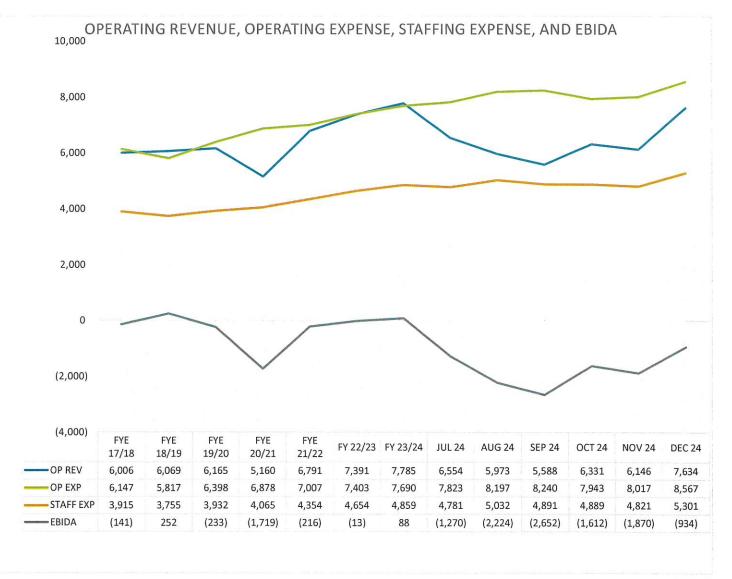
This measurement illustrates that Net Patient Revenues basically only cover Total Labor Expense, and that all of the Other Revenues and Supplemental Incomes are necessary to cover the remaining operational Expenses and EBIDA required to operate the Hospital. This graph illustrates the "normalization" of Operating Revenues and EBIDA, by reallocating proportionate Supplemental Revenues and related Expenses into the current month and YTD results.



NET PATIENT REVENUE AS % OF GROSS

20.00%





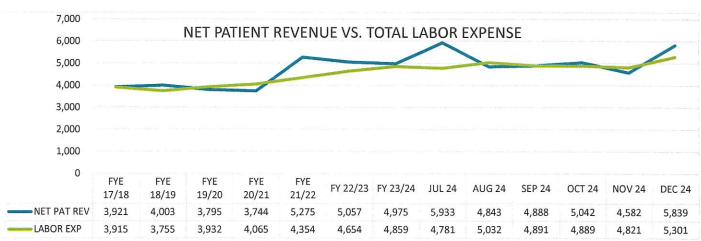


Figure F	SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HEALTHCARE DISTRICT & HOSPITAL - BANNING, CA	RE DISTRICT & HO	SPITAL - BANN	ING, CA	Month-to	Month-to- Month FYE June 30, 2025	une 30, 2025						01/17/25
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		FYE18/19	FYE19/20	FYE 20/21	FYE 21/22	FYE 22/23	FYE 23/24	FYE 24/25	FYE 24/25	FYE 24/25	FYE 24/25	FYE 24/25	FYE 24/25
1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0		MONTHLY AVE.	MONTHLY AVE.	MONTHLY AVE.	MONTHLY AVE.	12 MONTHLY AVE.	12 MONTHLY AVE.	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
17.53246 25.574 27.5750 27.5250 27.5	Gross Patient Revenue		200 707 1	-						1	1 1	1 1	1
1,12,12,14, 1,12,14,14, 1,12,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,	Inpatient Revenue	7,667,88	\$ 7,401,282	9,331,37									
1,12,12,14,16 1,13,14,14 1,13,14 1,13,14,14 1,13,14,14 1,13,14,14 1,13,14,14	Outpatient Revenue	16,765,365	15,067,104	11,933,682	20,932,075	25,575,741	27,197,604	27,250,251	28,340,039	28,832,987	29,397,314	26,672,278	28,536,802
1,128,446 19,14,522 19,15,253 1,24,64 1,34,68 1,4,14,69 1,4,24,69 1,4,24,69 1,4,24,69 1,4,24,49 1,4,24,239 1,2,4,44 1,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4	Long Term Care Revenue	0	0	0 0	0	•	r		·				1
(134.64.70) (134.64.20) (136.74.219) (136.44.19) (136.44.121) (134.44.10) (136.24.189) (136.24.1	Total Gross Patient Revenue	24,433,247	22,468,386	21,265,053	37,535,465	25	41,592,538	42,986,316	41,318,624	40,176,740	42,532,108	40,171,043	49,549,708
(19827146) (198545200) (1985729) (198546190) (198547191) (19471460) (198545200) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (194587146) (1945887176) (19458714	Deductions From Devenue												
1,104.6.70 (1,047.941) (196.4.70 (Discounts and Allowances	(19,588,148)	(17,845,730)	(16,635,734)	(31,267,149)	(33,545,205)	(35,678,219)	(35,846,196)	(35,481,321)	(34.341.690)	(36,539,693)	(34.586.001)	(42.546.10
C2440.6866 C474.05 C474.05 C475.04 C494.05 C470.04 C474.05 C	Bad Debt Expense	(858,023)	(653,280)	(824,395)	(1,045,570)	(1,047,941)	(884,929)	(902,900)	(915,027)	(887,299)	(913,773)	(911,750)	(1,093,92
CRAMBAN CRAM	GI HMO Discounts	0	. 1	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0
Control Cont	Charity Care	(56,168)		(41,362)	(136,947)	(97,443)	(54,157)	(304,487)	(79,514)	(59,402)	(37,044)	(90,884)	(70,909)
6,04,07 5,046,573 4,044,476 4,044,772 4,044,772 4,049,434 4,044,443 6,044,153 4,044,443 6,044,153 4,044,443 6,044,153	Total Deductions From Revenue	(20,502,339)		(17,501,490)	(32,449,666)	(34,690,589)	(36,617,305)	(37,053,583)	(36,475,862)	(35,288,391)	(37,490,510)	(35,588,635)	(43,710,93
001,407 841,881 1,984,148	at Dationt Devenue	2 020 000		-82.3%	-86.5%	-87.3%	-88.0%	-86.2%	-88.3%	-87.8%	-88.1%	-88.6%	-88.2
229,066 241,881 1,883 468,322 668,328 686,428 688,122 725,066 231,400 241,386 1,583 210,986 236,639 1,530 275,536 <td></td> <td>000,000,0</td> <td></td> <td>200,001,0</td> <td>661,000,0</td> <td>300,000,0</td> <td>4,010,600</td> <td>0,302,100</td> <td>70,770,4</td> <td>4,000,343</td> <td>0,041,330</td> <td>4,302,400</td> <td>0,000,0</td>		000,000,0		200,001,0	661,000,0	300,000,0	4,010,600	0,302,100	70,770,4	4,000,343	0,041,330	4,302,400	0,000,0
Control Cont	on- Patient Revenues												
18.00 19.0	Supplemental Revenues	1,485,337	1,157,326	869,707	501,407	941,881	1,994,148	1,863	456,322	0	688,364	886,132	901,97
29.905 213,202 212,506 275,536 <th< td=""><td>Grants & Other Op Revenues</td><td>205,590</td><td>750,434</td><td>505,190</td><td>725,066</td><td>986,421</td><td>341,356</td><td>155,927</td><td>210,965</td><td>236,825</td><td>138,092</td><td>214,649</td><td>157,3</td></th<>	Grants & Other Op Revenues	205,590	750,434	505,190	725,066	986,421	341,356	155,927	210,965	236,825	138,092	214,649	157,3
25.561 2.0.00 2.0.5.00 <th< td=""><td>Clinic Net Revenues</td><td>22,382</td><td>15,743</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>•</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td></th<>	Clinic Net Revenues	22,382	15,743	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	
1627,544 196,570 197	Tax Subsidies Measure D	196,524	199,469	209,744	229,405	213,402	242,508	275,536	275,536	275,536	275,536	275,536	234,1
6,713,341 7,390,651 7,785,244 6,555,652 5,973,455 6,588,250 6,331,160 6,145,295 7, 758,244 6,525,652 5,973,55 6,588,250 6,331,160 6,145,295 7, 758,244 1,245,64 1,124,124 1,124,	Tax Subsidies Plop 13	115,388	114,061	142,552	146,104	107,681	218,100	0/6,181	187,570	0/6,781	187,570	187,570	501,5
6,713,341 7,390,651 7,785,284 6,553,629 5,973,156 5,580,290 6,331,160 6,146,296 7,795,287 3,420,974 3,684,721 3,822,586 3,881,210 4,086,381 3,772,762 3,876,686 3,820,687 4,985,337 89,533 29,733 29,733 29,734 1,245,722 3,876,686 3,820,687 4,932,37 89,544 98,303 7,446 1,243,726 1,346,674 9,443 1,245,727 1,546,676 1,546,286 1,152,276 77,52,60 1,11,233 1,340,300 1,243,444 1,245,772 1,446,11 1,11,276 1,446,276 1,446,286 1,152,277 1,446,286 1,152,277 1,446,11 1,12,247 1,446,286 1,152,287 1,446,11 1,12,247 1,446,11 1,12,247 1,446,11 1,12,247 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,446,11 1,44	Non-Patient Revenues	2.041,381	2.246.097	1.743.355	1.627.542	2.333.719	2.810.051	620.896	1.130.393	699.931	1.289.562	1.563.887	1 794 9
6,713,341 7,396,651 7,785,284 6,553,629 5,973,155 6,580,290 6,371,160 6,146,295 7,7 8,420,974 3,524,295 3,824,205 3,824,295 3,824,205 3,826,877 3,826,877 7,824,878 3,826,877 7,824,878 3,826,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 3,876,878 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2006</td> <td>100</td> <td>2 10001</td> <td>200</td> <td>200,040</td> <td>200001</td> <td>20,000</td> <td>100,001,</td> <td>20,000,1</td> <td>1,104,0</td>				2006	100	2 10001	200	200,040	200001	20,000	100,001,	20,000,1	1,104,0
30,589, 472 3,822,586 3,881,210 4,088,381 3,772,782 3,876,666 3,806,677 4,089,381 80,589 938,472 81,533 9,84,181 96,416 997,229 872,372 715,622 206,683 80,587 81,536 93,430 97,344 10,437 11,626 </td <td>ital Operating Revenue</td> <td>5,972,289</td> <td>6,128,956</td> <td>5,506,919</td> <td>6,713,341</td> <td>7,390,651</td> <td>7,785,284</td> <td>6,553,629</td> <td>5,973,155</td> <td>5,588,280</td> <td>6,331,160</td> <td>6,146,295</td> <td>7,633,7</td>	ital Operating Revenue	5,972,289	6,128,956	5,506,919	6,713,341	7,390,651	7,785,284	6,553,629	5,973,155	5,588,280	6,331,160	6,146,295	7,633,7
4,20,974 3,634,721 3,624,721 3,624,721 3,624,721 3,624,721 3,624,721 3,624,626 3,631,721 6,4460 864,161 3,772,762 3,676,566 3,620,657 7,832,77 8,633 3,627 86,133 86,4460 864,161 120,476 139,422 20,653 23,627 86,133 86,446 120,476 1,226,662 </td <td>perating Expenses</td> <td></td>	perating Expenses												
82,573 818,2301 816,513 804,480 846,161 997,929 817,237 733,227 733,227 30,573 81,265 425,462 45,130 45,133 124,762 124,762 126,866 1,25,222 140,3220 143,346 439,543 499,543 499,724 51,686 1,258,686 1,2	Salaries and Wages	2.941.226	3,104,224	3,125,159	3,420,974	3.634.721	3.922.586	3.881.210	4.088.361	3.772.762	3.876.666	3.820.657	4.282.9
995,753 155,622 96,143 97,944 120,476 139,462 206,666 835,523 239,739 425,920 1,233,644 493,544 493,644 493,000 1,233,644 493,744 493,000 1,233,644 493,724 511,622 1,239,644 1,245,732 1,123,000 1,233,644 1,235,732 1,123,732	Fringe Benefits	702,477	752,708	856,889	830,599	938,301	816,313	804,480	846,161	997,929	872,378	793,327	842,7
Sec. 2017.39 425.488 4433.000 4433.346 4499.643 4499.734 415.489 499.734 415.489 499.734 415.489 499.734 415.489 499.734 415.789 415.781 415.7	Contract Labor	106,628	59,516	114,886	726,66	81,255	135,922	95,193	97,944	120,476	139,462	206,866	175,4
895,466 985,687 986,088 1,043,230 1,245,762 1,153,016 1,529,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,129,686 1,13,244 1,12,286 1,12,186 98,686 1,12,986 1,12,1	Physicians Fees	246,631	331,858	350,783	330,533	299,739	425,458	493,000	493,346	499,543	499,724	511,622	524,1
995,446 995,453 781,620 993,033 93,552 965,112 844,416 98,641 111,132 99,535 781,620 993,632 140,922 121,769 98,641 99,64	Purchased Services	513,857	691,337	772,336	892,521	863,657	968,088	1,043,230	1,293,644	1,245,762	1,163,016	1,259,698	1,232,9
11,192 19,000 10,000 1	Supply Expense	685,518	751,025	903,883	995,446	953,253	781,620	903,033	922,372	965,112	849,416	884,389	1,067,7
112,745	Unities	75,471	80,680	92,287	261,111	93,037	104,674	94,413	93,552	140,902	121,798	199,861	109,8
101,142	Institution of Expense	36,323	103 277	110 683	112 745	119 548	127 300	130,000	144 611	144 611	76.730	144 611	144 6
37.562 99,514 90,288 113,244 101,454 103,564 103,564 103,560 121,156 10.00 1.21,156 1.00,066 7,403,258 7,708,667 7,500,172 8,273,529 8,280,146 7,998,559 8,107,386 8, 107,386 1, 107,386	All Other Operating Expenses	70,922	160,745	148,752	101,142	151,928	114,358	128,607	76,293	157,065	187,658	136,114	120,7
37,952 99,514 90,298 113,244 101,454 103,964 103,500 121,166 0 0 - 0 - 0<	IGT Expense	58,743	109,484	172,366	0	91,499	120,769	0	0	0	0	0	
7,010,605	Leases and Rentals	76,150	79,233	79,424	37,952	99,514	90,298	113,244	101,454	103,964	103,500	121,156	(60,86
(287,264) (12,605) 76,617 (1,346,543) (2,300,374) (2,671,866) (1,667,399) (1,961,641) (1,9	Total Operation Expenses	98,810	94,628	34,096	7 040 605	7 403 258	7 708 667	7 900 172	8 273 529	8 250 146	7 998 559	8 107 936	8 557 3
(297,264) (12,606) 76,617 (1,346,543) (2,300,374) (2,671,866) (1,667,399) (1,961,641) 472,317 495,039 547,333 425,836 422,836 420,499 422,924 422,924 863,923 578,702 985,697 97,446 613,476 987,446 606,377 575,531 25,068 132,587 483,520 17,816 64,649 162,095 44,748 65,209 641,127 793,566 1,074,156 40,000 400,000 400,000 400,000 400,000 641,127 793,566 1,557,676 41,852,537 (3,877,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (1,852,09 (220,060) (198,742) 648,586 (1,852,537) (2,875,037) (3,517,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (1,657,892) (220,060) (198,742) 648,586 (1,852,537) (2,875,037) (3,517,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (1,494,488) (220,060) (198,742) 41,682,537 (2,875,037) (3,517,716)	I Otal Operating Expenses	3,120,023	000,710,0	0,301,00,0	509,010,1	007,004,7	100,001,1	211,006,1	6,213,023	0,200,140	600,000,1	000,101,0	6,100,0
472,317 485,039 547,333 425,836 425,836 420,489 422,924 422,924 863,923 498,663 438,303 497,974 613,474 606,377 575,531 863,923 979,702 985,697 923,810 1,039,312 1,407,945 1,029,301 998,455 25,068 132,687 483,520 17,816 64,649 162,095 44,748 65,209 641,127 793,566 1,657,676 417,816 464,649 562,095 444,748 465,209 648,782 1,657,676 417,816 464,649 562,095 444,748 465,209 648,782 1,657,676 417,816 464,649 562,095 444,748 465,209 620,600 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6284,792 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,20,486 1,657,676 1,682,537 2,875,677 2,875,677 2,875,677 <td>3IDA</td> <td>252,266</td> <td>(248,351)</td> <td>(1,394,337)</td> <td>(297,264)</td> <td>(12,606)</td> <td>76,617</td> <td>(1,346,543)</td> <td>(2,300,374)</td> <td>(2,671,866)</td> <td>(1,667,399)</td> <td>(1,961,641)</td> <td>(933,6</td>	3IDA	252,266	(248,351)	(1,394,337)	(297,264)	(12,606)	76,617	(1,346,543)	(2,300,374)	(2,671,866)	(1,667,399)	(1,961,641)	(933,6
472,317 486,039 425,836 422,636 422,634 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,924 422,923 422,	terest, Depreciation, and Amortization												
Section Sect	Depreciation Expense	497,808	506,497	494,721	472,317	495,039	547,393	425,836	425,836	420,499	422,924	422,924	424,58
25,068 132,587 443,520 17,816 64,649 162,085 44,748 65,209 616,659 660,979 1,074,166 410,000 400,000	Interest & Amortization Expense	418,193	422,094	447,994	391,606	484,663	438,303	497,974	1 039 312	1 407 945	1 029 301	998 455	930 66
25,068 132,567 483,520 17,816 64,649 162,035 44,748 65,209 616,059 660,379 1,074,156 400,000	יינים ווונים בסי, חקדו, מ סוויסור.	000	0000	217/21/2	25000	701010	100,000	200	10000				
CSCO 060 CSCO 073 CSCO 074	One of the contract of the con	7 7 4 5	27 750	7 121	25.068	122 587	483 520	17.846	64 649	162 095	44 748	65 200	96.2
Sed-1,127	Tay Subsidies for GO Bonds - M-A	692 457	666.966	598 410	616 059	660 979	1 074 156	400.000	400.000	400.000	400.000	400.000	400.00
(284,742) (499,742) (448,586 (14,852,537) (2,875,037) (3,517,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (1,624,792) (1,645,198) (1,852,537) (2,875,037) (3,517,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (1,204,882) (1,982,792) (1,982,792) (1,982,792) (1,982,792) (1,981,941)	Total Non Operating Revenue/(Expense)	700,202	694,725	605,531	641,127	793,566	1,557,676	417,816	464,649	562,095	444,748	465,209	496,2
(520,060) (198,742) 648,598 (1,852,537) (2,875,037) (3,517,716) (2,251,952) (2,494,887) (10,224,987) (10,224,													
(284,792) 0 23.45 0 1 <	Total Net Surplus/(Loss)	36,467	(482,217)	(1,731,521)	(520,060)	(198,742)	648,598	(1,852,537)	(2,875,037)	(3,517,716)	(2,251,952)	(2,494,887)	(1,368,0
\$ (804,652) \$ (198,742) \$ (1,852,637) \$ (2,875,037) \$ (3,517,716) \$ (2,251,952) \$ (2,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,783) \$ (1,156,1641) 4.4% -0.2% -1.0% -20.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.9% 4.4% -0.2% 1.0% -20.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.9% 4.4% -0.2% 1.0% -20.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.9% 4.4% -2.2% -2.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.9% 4.4% -2.5% -3.5% -3.5% -31.9% -31.9% 4.4% -2.5% -3.5% -31.5% -31.9% -31.9% 4.4% -3.5% -3.5% -3.5% -31.9% -31.9% 4.4% -3.5% -3.5% -3.5% -31.9% -31.9% 4.4% -3.5% -3.5% -3.5% <td>Change in interest in Foundation Extra-Ordinary Income (Loss)</td> <td></td> <td>(689 574)</td> <td>0 (650)</td> <td>(284 792)</td> <td>0 0</td> <td>(231 988)</td> <td>0</td> <td>9 0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>338.104</td> <td></td>	Change in interest in Foundation Extra-Ordinary Income (Loss)		(689 574)	0 (650)	(284 792)	0 0	(231 988)	0	9 0	0	0	338.104	
-12.0% -2.7% 5.4% -28.3% -48.1% -62.9% -35.6% -35.1% -31.3% -4.4% -0.2% 1.0% -20.5% -38.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.9% -31.3% -3	crease/(Decrease in Unrestricted Net Asset	\$ 36,46	\$ (1,171,791)	(1,732		\$ (198,742)	416,610	1 1	1 1	\$ (3,517,716)	\$ (2,251,952)	2	\$ (1,368,01
4.4% -0.2% 1.0% -20.5% -38.5% -47.8% -26.3% -31.3% (1,346,543) (2,300,374) (2,671,865) (1,667,399) (1,961,641) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (37,840) (38,65,18) (38,65,18) (38,65,18) (38,65,18) (41,103,963)	tol Deofft Marain	7080	10 10/	34 50/	12 00%	70 2 67	7 40%	798 307	AR 10%	%b 69	35.6%	35 1%	247
(1,346,543) (2,300,374) (2,671,866) (1,667,399) (1,961,641) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (39,841) (39,844) (1,012,886) (928,066) (611,953) (1,103,963)	SIDA %	4.2%		-25.3%	4.4%	-0.2%	1.0%	-20.5%	-38.5%	47.8%	-26.3%	-31.9%	-12.2
(1,346,543) (2,300,374) (2,671,866) (1,667,399) (1,961,641) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (27,840) (1,763,78) (1,71,660 1,083,286 885,518 395,404 (1,012,886) (928,066) (611,953) (1,103,963)													
(27,840) (27	tual EBIDA for Month							(1,346,543)	(2,300,374)	(2,671,866)	(1,667,399)	(1,961,641)	(933,60
1,769,787 1,315,328 1,771,550 1,083,286 885,518 395,404 (1,012,865) (928,056) (611,953) (1,105,963)	justments to EBIDA to account for Cash Impac	ct of GASB Lease Rec	lassification					(27,840)	(27,840)	(27,840)	(27,840)	(27,840)	(27,84
	Justment for Normalization of Supplemental In Sective FBIDA after Normalization of Supplement	come Incl DSH & P4P	(Net of Current	Month Receipts)				1,769,787	1,315,328	1,771,650	1,083,286	(1.103.963)	869,67

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Represents all unrestricted cash in the bank at each month-end. Cash (000's)

Calculated by dividing amount of Cash on Hand by the historical average daily amount of cash requirmements to cover operating expenses.

Equals the sum of all (patient) accounts that are due to the hospital, less estimated adjustments for discounts and other contractual disallowances for which the patients may be entitled.

Accounts Receivable - Net (000's)

A/R Days - Net

Days Cash on Hand

This measures the average number of days it takes to collect payment of the Net Accounts Receivable. Lower values are desired.

year. The greater the Current Assets as compared to the Current Liabilities, the stronger position the organization is in A measure that illustrates the ability for the hospital to pay its obligations that come due over the course of the next to pay its upcoming obligations. Desired position is greater than 1:00 to 1:00, preferably at least 1:25 to 1:00 or greater.

This measures the Cash + Net Accounts Receivable compared to the Current Liabilities. Desired ratio is greater than 1.00:1.00 Reflects payment obligations of the Hospital as of a point in time. Excludes Loans, Payroll and other Debt obligations. Lower values are desired.

Accounts Payable (000's)

Reflects the average number of days that it takes to pay routine bills. Lower numbers are desired. Calculated by dividing the Accounts Payable amount by the historical average daily cost of routine expenses.

The amount that is currently borrowed from a lending institution as of a given point in time.

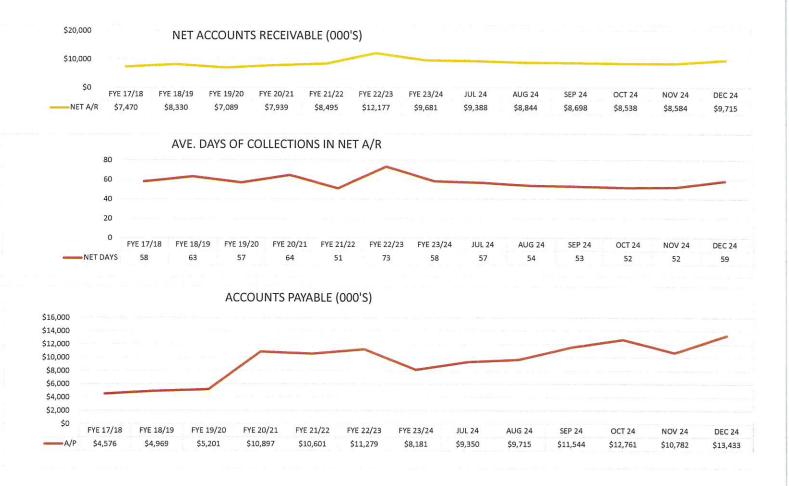
Line of Credit Balance (000's)

Accounts Payable Days

Quick Ratio

Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)







		FY24	FY 25	FY 25	FY 24	FY 25	FY 25	FY 24
		12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/24	6/30/2024
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	6 MOS. YTD ACTUAL	6 MOS. YTD ACTUAL	6 MOS. YTD BUDGET	YR END TOTAL
Ξ	Total Acute Patient Days	874	086	759	4,210	3,955	4,129	8,195
[2]	Average Daily Census	28.2	31.6	24.5	22.9	21.5	22.4	22.4
[3]	Average Acute Length of Stay	4.3	4.2	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.9
[4]	Patient Discharges	202	232	207	1,083	1,082	1,133	2,107
[2]	Adjusted Patient Days	2,068	2,311	2,037	11,738	11,577	11,659	23,674
[9]	Observation Count	289	447	355	1,824	1,997	2,072	4,109
	Total Emergency Room Visits	3,836	4,126	3,678	21,267	22,121	21,475	42,587
8	Average ED Visits Per Day	124	133	119	116	120	117	116
6	Total Surgeries (Excluding G.I.'s)	80	62	96	635	602	646	1,197
[10]	[10] Deliveries/Births	12	12	10	61	53	65	112

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-	SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HEALTHCARE DISTRICT & HOSPITAL	ISTRI	CT & HOSPITAL							-	1/17/2025
			Nege and Door	DECEMBED 2024	VARIANCE	VABIANCE		DECEMBED 2024	DECEMBED 2024	VARIANCE	MABIAAICE
- 2	INCOME STATEMENT			ACTUAL	ACTUAL TO BUDGET	PER CENTAGE		YTD BUDGET	VTD ACTUAL	ACTUAL TO BUDGET	PER CENTAGE
m	NET INCOME		(2,441,396)	(1,368,013)	1,073,383	44.0%		(10,866,455)	(14,022,038)	(3,155,583)	-29.0%
4	EBIDA		(2,450,823)	(933,604)	1,517,219	61.9%		(11,420,278)	(10,881,427)	538,851	4.7%
ĸ										-	
9	NET OPERATING REVENUE		5,548,863	7,633,756	2,084,893	37.6%		35,557,284	38,226,275	2,668,991	7.5%
7	NET PATIENT REVENUE		4,132,283	5,838,774	1,706,491	41.3%		28,744,342	31,126,624	2,382,282	8.3%
8	OTHER OPERATING REVENUE		1,416,580	1,794,982	378,402	26.7%		6,812,942	7,099,651	286,709	4.2%
15											
16	16 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE		7,999,686	8,567,360	(567,674)	-7.1%		46,977,562	49,107,702	(2,130,140)	-4.5%
29		- ·		1							
8	30 NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE										
31	31 TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE		877,222	496,256	(380,966)	-43.4%		5,790,002	3,188,877	(2,601,125)	-44.9%
37	37 TOTAL INTEREST & DEPRECIATION		867,795	930,665	(62,870)	-7.2%		5,236,179	6,329,488	(1,093,309)	-20.9%

	A	В	J	Q	П
_	1 SAN GORGONIO MEM. HEALTH CARE DISTR	DISTRICT & HOSPITAL			01/17/25
2	BALANCE SHEET	Jun 24 Act	Oct 24 Act	Nov 24 Act	Dec 24 Act
٣					
4	TOTAL ASSETS	124,601,132	113,597,873	113,785,957	117,180,159
5	5 CURRENT ASSETS	30,111,600	24,877,690	16,615,877	16,363,267
17	17 ASSETS WITH LIMITED USE	17,839,022	12,223,135	21,049,990	23,999,621
18	NET PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT	75,270,332	75,143,149	74,769,557	75,470,081
25	25 OTHER ASSETS	1,380,178	1,353,895	1,350,538	1,347,180
26					
27	27 TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	124,601,132	113,597,873	113,785,957	117,180,159
28	TOTAL LIABILITIES	155,470,638	154,964,622	157,309,489	162,071,704
29	29 CURRENT LIABILITES	38,624,095	42,337,009	44,877,014	49,844,175
41	41 LONG TERM LIABILITIES	116,846,543	112,627,613	112,432,475	112,227,529
43	NET ASSETS	(30,869,506)	(41,366,749)	(43,523,532)	(44,891,545)

December 2024 December 202	L	₹	<u>د</u>	_	u	ц.	ı		_	~
NATIONED PROPRET PROPRE PROPRET PROPRE PROPRET PROPRET PROPRET PROPRET PROPRET PROPRET	Ŀ	┰	STORES TOTAL	,	t			-	`	100000
PROPRESTREEMENT PROCEEDINGEN PROCEDINGEN PROCED		┰	ISIRICI & HUSPIIA							1/17/2025
PRINCE PRIN		INCOME STATEMENT	DECEMBER 2024	DECEMBER 2024	VARIANCE	VARIANCE	DECEMBER 2024	DECEMBER 2024	VARIANCE DECEMBER YTD	VARIANCE
NET PROPREE 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12,0,19, 1,14,0,12	2		BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL TO BUDGET	PER CENTAGE	YTD BUDGET	YTD ACTUAL	ACTUAL TO BUDGET	PER CENTAGE
INTERVIEWER REPAIRS 1,24,6,4,2,2,2,3,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3,3	m		(2,441,396)		1,073,383	44.0%	(10,866,455)	(14,022,038)	(3,155,583)	-29.0%
NET OPERATING REVIEW C. 5446.003 7,603.704 1,704.401 4,139. 2,044.002 34,270.715 2,1040.901	4 r		(2,450,823)	(933,604)	1,517,219	61.9%	(11,420,278)	(10,881,427)	538,851	4.7%
PRINCIPATION REPORTER 1,754,592 1,754,692 1,754,592 1,75	η 9		5,548,863	7,633,756	2,084,893	37.6%	35,557,284	38,226,275	2,668,991	7.5%
OTHER REPORTER CASES 1794-822 378-02 ACASTAN G-612-82 7-00-66 2-00-06 OTHER REPORTER 0.006 0.006 1.006.00 1.006.00 1.006.00 1.006.00 0.006<	_	_	4,132,283	5,838,774	1,706,491	41.3%	28,744,342	31,126,624	2,382,282	8.3%
OTHER REPURLE CATE RANGE COLOR COL	∞		1,416,580	1,794,982	378,402	26.7%	6,812,942	7,099,651	286,709	4.2%
OTHER REVENUE - CPHES SUPPLEADER TANDER 6.269 6.269 6.269 1.000 000 1.100 0	6		0	0	0	%0.0	0	0	0	0.0%
OTHER REVENUE - DEFA 38,955 4,12,201 6,557 6,577 6,657 5,578 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,408 1,157,748 1,157,7	10		428,074	428,074	0	%0:0	1,740,544	1,740,544	0	0.0%
OTHER REPORTE ATT 201 16,428 10,969 1,136,548 16,148 1,137,44 1,131,428 1,131,438 1,131,	1		8,065	2,698	(5,367)	-66.5%	48,390	32,682	(15,708)	-32.5%
OPERATING ENDERING CHIRSTORNICE CONTERN CHIRSTORNIC	12		309,773	471,201	161,428	%0.0	1,000,000	1,161,428	161,428	16.1%
Digital Circle	13	L	207,562	157,336	(50,226)	-24.2%	1,245,372	1,113,794	(131,578)	-10.6%
TOTAL OPERATISE 7.3486 6.8.67.5040 7.7146 4.8.977.502 48.107.702 (2.130.140) TOTAL LABOR EXPENSE 5.007.961 5.301.134 1.265.263 -5.266 23.758.386 23.758.386 23.758.386 23.258.00 WARGE BENEFITS 1.005.886 6.42.788 1.56.2786 1.62.78 0.607.171 7.728.006 CONTAL LABOR EXPENSE 1.005.886 6.42.788 1.62.786 6.57 2.278.886 2.327.15.016 23.358.48 23.378.386 23.358.48	14	ļ.,	463,106	735,673	272,567	58.9%	2,778,636	3,051,203	272,567	9.8%
TOTAL DEPENDENCE 2,000,000	15				!					
TOTAL LABOR EXPENSE 5,607,134 C65,223 -5,548 22,7386 29,15,056 29,390 23,390 AND CONTRACT LABOR C67,114 C66,223 -5,548 22,732,244 (720,000 C720,000	ا2		7,999,686	8,567,360	(567,674)	-7.1%	46,977,562	49,107,702	(2,130,140)	-4.5%
WAGES 13,006,06 4,222,965 15,759 9,69 2,394,655 23,94,655 23,726,41 772,006 CONTRACT LADR 1,005,89 163,096 163,096 163,096 163,096 44,218 60,2171 5,157,086 44,218 CONTRACT LADR 1,005,89 1,005,89 163,189 42,726 7,24 742,180 845,187 160,180 44,218 74,180 845,187 160,180 742,180 742,180 845,187 160,180 727,286 5,186,187 742,180 845,187 160,180 77,128 5,186,187 742,180 144,086 140,186 142,188 144,086 142,186 142,070 144,070 144,611 166,43 143,486 144,070 144,611 166,43 143,486 140,070 146,070 144,070 144,611 166,43 143,486 140,070 146,070 146,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 140,070 <	17		5,037,961	5,301,184	(263,223)	-5.2%	29,738,986	29,715,056	23,930	0.1%
PONTE BENEFITS 1,005,889 182,785 162,986 16,278 1,67,988 184,103 CONTRACT LABOR 1,205,886 1,505,886 1,50,588 1,51,514 3,021,428 1,51,510 PURCHACED SERVICES 5,681,837 7,232,803 3,581,513 3,021,428 140,088 PURCHACED SERVICES 86,342 1,222,803 (2,52,709 7,72% 5,561,337 7,232,228 140,088 PURCHASED SERVICES 86,142 1,061,729 (2,26,709 7,72% 5,561,337 7,232,228 140,088 SINDITURE 86,147 1,061,729 (2,26,709 6,29% 5,661,387 7,232,28 1,051,728 REMIS AND MAINTENANCE 1,43,996 1,43,541 1,56,139 7,234,68 86,342 1,058 INGHE NOR PERMING REVENUE & EXPENSE 1,43,996 1,56,139 1,43,566 86,378 86,328 86,326 1,075,69 INGHE NOR OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 87,722 486,256 1,56,139 1,43,66 1,23,66 1,23,66 1,23,66 1,23,66 1,23,66	18	_	3,906,846	4,282,985	(376,139)	-9.6%	22,994,635	23,722,641	(728,006)	-3.2%
CONTRACT LABOR L25_206 175_406 (57,180) -40.1% 742,180 88,337 189,187 PHYSICAN FEES 526,819 526,819 526,819 526,819 72,286 3,161,514 3,021,288 140,086 PHYSICAN FEES 860,284 1,232,293 (22,679) 77,2% 5,681,897 7,238,253 (1,576,316) PULICASED SERVICES 861,247 1,105,833 (22,676) 77,2% 5,681,897 7,238,253 (1,576,816) PULICASE SAND MAINTENANCE 841,011 1,065,720 (22,260) 77,3% 5,681,877 7,1384 (22,278) PINEA PREMISES 143,966 144,611 (645) -0.4% 660,264 4,40,707 731,943 PINEA PREMISES 144,611 (645) 1,645 1,645 1,645 1,045 1,045 PINEA PREMISE 144,611 (645) 1,645 1,645 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045 1,045	19	_	1,005,889	842,793	163,096	16.2%	6,002,171	5,157,068	845,103	14.1%
PHYSICAN FEES 526,139 2.226 0.5% 3,16,131 3,02,128 140,066 PURCHASED SERVICES 869,333 1,223,833 1,223,833 1,232,833 1,433,84 1,505,132 1,150,8316 SUPPLY ASED SERVICES 861,137 1,667,720 (265,570) -27,0% 5,168,314 5,586,307 7,238,253 1,150,8316 SUPPLY ASED SERVICES 861,14 1,167,720 (265,570) -27,0% 5,168,314 5,582,042 1,150,8316 UILLITES 861,14 1,105,720 (265,570) -27,0% 6,68,264 6,69,214 1,1045 INSURANCE 108,000 1,105,71 (245) 1,243,7 6,68,37 1,68,37 1,1045 INSURANCE 108,000 1,120,715 (345) 1,46,47 1,46,	20		125,226	175,406	(50,180)	-40.1%	742,180	835,347	(93,167)	-12.6%
PUNCHASED SERVICES SERLISAT 2.728, as a secondary 5.661,837 7.238,204 (4.27.28) PUNCHASED SERVICES 84,101 1.626,703 (226,704) -27.0% 5.661,837 7.238,2042 (4.27.28) PUNCHINES 860,224 65,214 1.045 1.045 680,284 680,284 6.502,19 1.045 PREPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE 1.44,611 (545) 645 -449,070 731,943 (228,737) 1.045 PINENDANCE 1.44,611 (545) 645 -449,070 731,943 (228,287) 1.045 DINENDANCE 1.44,611 (545) 1.245 660,286 806,452 (10,706) 1.027 1.045 1.04	21		526,919	524,193	2,726	0.5%	3,161,514	3,021,428	140,086	4.4%
SUPPLY EXPENSE 841,011 1,067,720 (226,709) -27,0% 5,189,314 5,582,042 (422,728) UNITIES 96,142 106,730 (226,709) -27,0% 5,189,314 5,582,042 1045 UNITIES 120,00 (5,278) 680,284 663,295 10,45 10,45 INSURANCE 127,006 (52,69) 699,379 669,366 2941 10,065 OHER PARKS ND MAINTENANCE 120,716 (62,66) -0.4% 669,367 70,066 2941 OHER PARKS ND MAINTENENANCE 214,054 120,716 156,419 163,786 669,366 669,366 669,367 669,367 10,066 INON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 87,222 496,266 (380,586) 43,446 1,322,324 462,436 1,07,066 INON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 87,222 496,266 (380,586) 43,446 1,322,324 426,176 1,322,324 426,176 1,322,324 420,000 1,322,324 1,322,324 1,322,324 1,322,324 1,322,324 1,322	22		969,333	1,232,903	(263,570)	-27.2%	5,661,937	7,238,253	(1,576,316)	-27.8%
PUTILITIES B6.14Z 109.893 (13.751) -14.3% 660.264 659,219 1,045 REPAIRS NDI MAINTENANCE 142,966 142,706 122,260 -69.9% 46.070 773,132 1,045 INSIDERANCE 143,966 144,611 (645) -69.9% 43.607 860,856 2,941 OTHER EXPENSE 214,054 120,715 93,339 43.6% 698,366 806,452 (107,096) ILASS AND RENTALS 86,554 (60,865) 156,419 156,77% 698,367 866,452 (107,096) ILASS AND RENTALS 87,222 496,286 (380,986) 43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,877 (107,096) INON-OPERATING TREVENUE & EXPENSE 87,222 496,286 (380,986) 43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,877 (4605,387) INON-OPERATING TREVENUE 132,222 496,286 (380,986) (32,496) (32,496) (1,202,386) (1,093,389) INON-OPERATING TREVENUE 132,232 43,496 62,586 62,546 1,320,406 1,32	23		841,011	1,067,720	(226,709)	-27.0%	5,169,314	5,592,042	(422,728)	-8.2%
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE 74,746 127,006 (52,260) 69,9% 449,070 731,943 (282,87) INSURANCE 143,586 144,611 (645) -0.4% 863,787 860,866 2.941 OTHER EXPENSES 121,054 120,715 33,38 156,419 689,366 806,452 (107,066) INCHA LOND FRATING REVENUE 87,224 (60,865) 156,419 163,7% 462,463 90,811 NON-OPERATING REVENUE 87,722 496,256 (330,866) -43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,677 (2601,125) NON-OPERATING REVENUE 132,266 132,646 1,470,160 450,773 (2603,87) NON-OPERATING PREVENUE 132,266 132,646 1,420,160 450,773 (2603,87) NON-OPERATING PREVENUE 132,266 1,420,160 450,773 450,773 (260,882 NON-OPERATING PREVENUE 132,266 1,420,160 450,773 450,876 1,420,160 1,420,773 (260,882 ENTRAORDINARY REVENUE 132,307 445,875 445,	24		96,142	109,893	(13,751)	-14.3%	660,264	659,219	1,045	0.2%
NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 143,966 144,611 (645) 15,436 689,356 860,856 2,941 16,756 16,056 1	25	REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	74,746	127,006	(52,260)	%6 . 69-	449,070	731,943	(282,873)	-63.0%
OTHER EXPENSES 214,054 120,715 93,339 43.6% 699,356 806,452 (107,096) LEASE AND RENTALS 95,554 (60,865) 156,419 163.7% 573,324 492,453 90,871 NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 877,222 496,256 (380,968) -43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,877 (2,601,125) TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 877,222 496,256 (52,659) -35.4% 1,420,160 450,773 (969,387) OTHEN NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 133,226 1,332,266 1,230,160 450,773 (969,387) NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 138,215 4,369,842 2,400,000 (1,302,396) (1,302,366) NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 138,256 1,332,266 1,332,266 1,332,466 (1,093,309) TOTAL INTEREST & DEPRECIATION 867,796 930,665 (6,132) -1,566 2,540,139 2,542,666 (1,093,309) DEPRECIATION 449,340 506,078 (6,132) -1,566 2,540,139 2,540,139 2,542,666 (1,090,342)	26	INSURANCE	143,966	144,611	(645)	-0.4%	863,797	860,856	2,941	0.3%
Total Interest & Deprecation 156,493 156,415 156,415 153,224 482,453 90,871 156,879 153,224 1,322,266 1,29,966 1,29,04	27		214,054	120,715	93,339	43.6%	699,356	806,452	(107,096)	-15.3%
NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 877,222 496,256 (380,966) -43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,877 (2,601,125) OTHEN NON-OPERATING REVENUE 148,915 96,256 (380,966) -55.4% 1,420,160 450,773 (969,387) OTHEN NON-OPERATING REVENUE 134,266 54,990 (79,276) -55.0% 1,332,266 125,880 (1,202,386) NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 728,307 400,000 (326,307) -56.0% 1,332,266 1,20,000 (1,202,386) NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 0 0 0 0 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% (1,209,842) 1,302,366 EXTRAORDINARY REVENUE 0 0 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.245,367 1,309,842 1,090,842) TOTAL INTEREST & DEPRECIATION 449,340 506,078 (65,739) -1.5% 5,236,179 5,242,606 (1,090,842) INTEREST & AMORTIZATION 449,340 506,078 (56,739) -1.26% 2,560,04 3,766,882 (1,090,842) <td< td=""><th>78</th><td>LEASE AND RENTALS</td><td>95,554</td><td>(60,865)</td><td>156,419</td><td>163.7%</td><td>573,324</td><td>482,453</td><td>90,871</td><td>15.8%</td></td<>	78	LEASE AND RENTALS	95,554	(60,865)	156,419	163.7%	573,324	482,453	90,871	15.8%
NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 436,266 (380,366) -43.4% 5,790,002 3,188,877 (2,601,125) TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE 877,222 496,256 (52,659) -55.4% 1,201,60 450,773 (960,387) OTHER NON-OPERATING REVENUE ROLL DONATIONS/GAIN ON SALE 134,266 54,369 (779,276) -59.0% 1,332,266 1,203,86) (1,202,386) NON-OPERATING DONATIONS/GAIN ON SALE 128,307 4,369 (779,276) -59.0% 1,332,266 1,209,842) (1,202,386) NON-OPERATING TAX REVENUE 0 0 0 0 0.0% 0 338,104 338	29									
Union Unio	<u>۲</u>	NON-OFENALING REVENUE & EAFENDE	900 1110	010 001	1000	707 64	1	110000	(0 CO1 40E1	74 04
Other National Content National Conten	2 ام	OTHER MON-OPERATING REVENUE & EXPENSE	140 015	490,230	(390,399)	20 A0.	3,730,002	3,100,077	(200,100)	70E 03
NON-OPERATING DONAIL 1.34,266 1.34,24,24 1.34,266 1.34,2	7	OTHER NON-UPERALING REVENUE INCL DUNALIONS	CT6'04T	007'06	(600,20)	-00.4%	1,420,100	400,004	(700,000)	2000
NOTE INTEREST & DEPRECIATION ACCOUNTING NATION ACCOUNTING NA	33		134,266	54,990	(79,276)	-59.0%	1,332,266	7 400 000	(1,202,385)	0.0%
EXTRAORDINARY REVENUE	3. 14.		/26,30/	400,000	(100,020)	P. 1.70	7+0'505'+	4,400,000	(240,000,047)	24:01
TOTAL INTEREST & DEPRECIATION 867,795 930,665 (62,870) -7.2% 5,236,179 6,329,488 (1,093,309) DEPRECIATION 449,340 424,587 (6,132) -1.5% 2,540,139 2,542,606 (2,467) INTEREST & AMORTIZATION 449,340 506,078 (56,738) -12.6% 2,696,040 3,786,882 (1,090,842) Note: If the unaccrued Supplemental funds, projected DSH and P4P funds, along with provision for lease principal payments were booked, the YTD Net Loss through December would be reduced from (\$14,022,038) to (\$6,493,832) and the EBIDA loss would be reduced from (\$10,881,427) to (\$3,353,221).	£	$\overline{}$	0	0	0	0.0%	0	338,104	338,104	0.0%
DEPRECIATION 418,455 424,587 (6,132) -1.5% 2,540,139 2,542,606 (2,467) INTEREST & AMORTIZATION 449,340 506,078 (56,738) -12.6% 2,696,040 3,786,882 (1,090,842) Note: If the unaccrued Supplemental funds, projected DSH and P4P funds, along with provision for lease principal payments were booked, the YTD Net Loss through December would be reduced from (\$14,022,038) to (\$6,493,832) and the EBIDA loss would be reduced from (\$10,881,427) to (\$3,353,221).	% %	_	867.795	930.665	(62.870)	-7.2%	5.236.179	6,329,488	(1,093,309)	-20.9%
INTEREST & AMORTIZATION 449,340 506,078 (56,738) -12.6% 2,696,040 3,786,882 (1,090,842) Note: If the unaccrued Supplemental funds, projected DSH and P4P funds, along with provision for lease principal payments were booked, the YTD Net Loss through December would be reduced from (\$14,022,038) to (\$6,493,832) and the EBIDA loss would be reduced from (\$10,881,427) to (\$3,353,221).	38		418,455	424,587	(6,132)	-1.5%	2,540,139	2,542,606	(2,467)	-0.1%
Note: If the unaccrued Supplemental funds, projected DSH and P4P funds, along with provision for lease principal payments were booked, the YTD Net Loss through December reduced from (\$14,022,038) to (\$6,493,832) and the EBIDA loss would be reduced from (\$10,881,427) to (\$3,353,221).	39		449,340	506,078	(56,738)	-12.6%	2,696,040	3,786,882	(1,090,842)	-40.5%
_	8									
_	4	-	ed DSH and P4P fund	s, along with provis	ion for lease princ	ipal payments were b	ooked, the YTD Net	Loss through Dec	ember would be	
	42		and the EBIDA loss wo	ould be reduced from	m (\$10,881,427) t	5(\$3,353,221).				

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<u> </u>	SAN GORGONIO MEM. HEALTH CARE DISTRICT & HOSPITAL	RICT & HOSPITAL)		01/17/25
2	BALANCE SHEET	Jun 24 Act	Oct 24 Act	Nov 24 Act	Dec 24 Act
m					
4	TOTAL ASSETS	124,601,132	113,597,873	113,785,957	117,180,159
'n	CURRENT ASSETS	30,111,600	24,877,690	16,615,877	16,363,267
9	_	19,438,107	14,013,996	5,789,347	5,842,260
7	NET PATIENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	9,681,423	8,538,468	8,584,122	9,715,279
∞	HOSPITAL ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	89,675,653	78,682,964	79,193,179	92,888,605
0	LESS: ALLOWANCE FOR BAD DEBTS	(79,994,230)	(70,144,496)	(70,609,057)	(83,173,326)
10	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	992,070	2,325,226	2,242,408	805,728
1	TAXES RECEIVABLE	2,078,826	3,383,456	3,650,088	1,937,046
12	MISC RECEIVABLE	(2,631,352)	(2,940,385)	(2,883,383)	(2,643,183)
13	DUE FROM 3RD PARTIES	(1,204,471)	(1,039,995)	(1,498,876)	(1,457,757)
14	INVENTORIES	2,075,663	2,239,470	2,381,220	2,465,585
15	PREPAID EXPENSES	673,404	682,680	593,359	504,037
9					
17	ASSETS WITH LIMITED USE	17,839,022	12,223,135	21,049,990	23,999,621
28	NET PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT	75,270,332	75,143,149	74,769,557	75,470,081
19	PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT	173,509,280	175,077,193	175,126,525	176,251,636
20	_	4,828,182	4,861,325	4,861,325	4,861,325
21	BUILDINGS & BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	132,533,755	132,652,072	132,652,072	132,652,072
22	FIXED EQUIPMENT	31,756,880	31,714,556	31,644,589	31,643,790
23	CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	4,390,463	5,849,240	5,968,539	7,094,449
24	LESS: ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(98,238,948)	(99,934,044)	(100,356,968)	(100,781,555)
25	OTHER ASSETS	1,380,178	1,353,895	1,350,538	1,347,180
26					
27	TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	124,601,132	113,597,873	113,785,957	117,180,159
28	TOTAL LIABILITIES	155,470,638	154,964,622	157,309,489	162,071,704
গ্ল		38,624,095	42,337,009	44,877,014	49,844,175
8	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	9,381,110	12,760,750	10,782,183	13,433,326
31	PAYROLL PAYABLES	4,653,853	5,578,197	4,510,887	5,133,447
32	SALARIES & WAGES PAYABLE	909,057	1,839,145	894,896	1,408,642
33		847,813	855,327	731,017	865,660
¥	ACCRUED PTO & SICK DAYS PAYABLE	2,896,983	2,883,725	2,884,974	2,859,145
35	LINE OF CREDIT	12,065,351	12,266,742	12,316,604	12,093,000
36		12,523,781	11,731,320	17,267,340	19,184,402
37	ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE	1,969,785	1,095,440	1,503,168	1,910,898
38	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	4,166,440	3,858,897	8,805,707	12,781,029
33	DEBT - CURRENT	6,387,556	6,776,983	6,958,465	4,492,475
4					
4 3	LONG TERM LIABILITIES	116,846,543	112,627,613	112,432,475	112,227,529
₹ :	_				
₹ :		1002 000	144 000 740	1000 000 077	(44 004 145)
4 ;		(30,869,506)	(41,366,749)	(43,523,532)	(44,891,545)
2		(35,868,908)	(30,869,507)	(30,869,507)	(30,869,507)
₽ !	CURRENT YEAR NET GAIN/(LOSS)	4,999,402	(10,497,242)	(12,654,025)	(14,022,038)
4					
48	Note:	cted USH and P4P funds	s, along with provision	n tor lease principal p	ayments
49		scember would be reduce	3d from (\$14,022,038) to (\$6,493,832) and	The
ၓ	EBIDA loss would be reduced from (\$10,881,427) to (\$3,353,221)	1,427) to (\$3,353,221).			

SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HEALTHCARE DISTRICT & HOSPITAL CUIAUUITED CUITALING CUIAUUITED CUITALING CUIAUUITED CUITALING CUIAUUITED CUITALING CUIAUUITED CUITALING CUIAUUITED CUITALING CIACH CIACH	SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HEALTHCARE DISTRICT & HOSPITAL BEGINNING CASH BALANCES Cash: Beginning Balances- Hospital Cash: Beginning Balances- District Ending Balances- Dist		В		D	Е	ш		Э		н
Current Month Current Balances - Hospital	Cash: Beginning Balances		N GORGON	IIO MEN	MORIA	L HEA	THCARE DISTRICT	PITAL			
Current Month Cash BALANCES Cash Balances - Hospital S 5.007.941 S 12.024 Cash Balances - Hospital S 5.007.941 S 12.024 Cash Beginning Balances - District S 5.007.947 S 13.48 S 14.81 S 14	BEGINNING CASH BALANCES Cash: Beginning Balances - District Cash: Beginning Balances Totals Receipts Patient Collections Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 Misc Ta	2							UNAUDITED)	3	NAUDITED)
Seconning Cash Balances	BEGINNING CASH BALANCES Cash: Beginning Balances- Hospital Cash: Beginning Balances- District Cash: Beginning Balances- District Cash: Beginning Balances- District Cash: Beginning Balances- Totals Receipts Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 Misc Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 District Capital Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 District ReceIPTS Capital Spending Debt Service Payments (Excl.G/O Bonds) Other Changes in Accounts Payable, IGT's, Etc. STOTAL CHANGE in CASH ENDING CASH BALANCES ENDING CASH BALANCES ENDING CASH BALANCES Ending Balances- District Ending Balances- District Ending Balances- Totals LOC Current Balances LOC Interest Expense Incurred L11772026	Э							Current Month		Y-T-D
Cash: Beginning Balances- Hospital S 5,007;941 S	Cash: Beginning Balances - Hospital Sacash: Beginning Balances - Hospital Cash: Beginning Balances - District Cash: Beginning Balances - D	4							12/31/2024		12/31/2024
Cash: Beginning Balances - Hospital	Cash: Beginning Balances - Hospital Sacritical Cash: Beginning Balances - District Cash: Beginning Balances - District Cash: Beginning Balances - Ca			H BALA	NCES						
Cash: Beginning Balances - District	Cash: Beginning Balances- District Saint Beginning Balances Totals Saint Cash: Beginning Balances Saint Cash: Beginning Balances Saint Cash: Benefits & Contract Labor Saint Cash: Benefits & Bene	9	Casi	h: Beginn	ing Bala	ances- t	Hospital	↔	5,007,941	ક	18,067,421
Receipts	Cash: Beginning Balances Totals \$ 5,7	7	Casi	h: Beginn	ing Bala	J -saout	District		781,406		1,370,686
Patient Collections	Patient Collections S	∞	Casi	h: Beginn	ing Bala	ances T	otals	\$	5,789,347	\$	19,438,107
Patient Collections	Receipts Patient Collections \$ 4.8 Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 7 7 7 7 7 Misc Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	6									
Tax SubsidicisofMeasure D/Prop 13	Patient Collections	_	seipts								
Misc Tax Subsidies Tax Supplemental Funding (Rate Range, Etc.) Tax Subsidies Tax Subsi	Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13 Tax Subsidies/Measure D/Prop 13	11		Pati	ent Colle	ections		ક્ક	4,818,376	\$	31,487,758
Misc Tax Subsidies	Misc Tax Subsidies	12		Тах	Subsidi	es/Mea	sure D/Prop 13		735,673	8	3,051,203
Donations/Grants/Loans Donations/Grants/Loans	Donations/Grants/Loans	13		Misc	Tax Su	absidies				8	
Supplemental Funding (Rate Range, Etc.) 776,973 \$	Supplemental Funding (Rate Range, Etc.) 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	14	A	Don	ations/G	srants/L	oans		79,990	8	229,880
Draws/(Paydown) of LOC Balances	Draws/(Paydown) of LOC Balances 4,1 Other Revenues/Receipts/Transfers 5,3 Disbursements	15		Sup	plement	tal Func			776,973	€	2,809,654
Other Revenues/Receipts/Transfers 4,132,336 \$	Other Revenues/Receipts/Transfers	16		Drav	ws/(Pay	down) c	of LOC Balances		•	8	1
TOTAL RECEIPTS \$ 10,543,348 \$ Disbursements Wages, Benefits, & Contract Labor \$ 5,301,184 \$ Other Operating Costs Capital Spending 1,125,111 \$ Debt Service Payments (Excl.G/O Bonds) 80,825 \$ TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS 80,825 \$ TOTAL CHANGE in CASH \$ 10,490,435 \$ ENDING CASH BALANCES \$ 10,490,435 \$ Ending Balances- Postrict \$ 5,639,155 \$ Ending Balances- District \$ 5,639,155 \$ Ending Balances- Totals \$ 5,842,260 \$ LOC Current Balances \$ 5,842,260 \$ LOC Interest Expense Incurred \$ 6,000,000 \$ LOC Interest Expense Incurred \$ 6,000,000 \$	TOTAL RECEIPTS State	17		Othe	er Revel	nues/Re	eeipts/Transfers		4,132,336	s	10,013,794
Disbursements	Disbursements \$ Contract Labor \$ 5,3 Wages, Benefits, & Contract Labor \$ 5,3 Other Operating Costs 1,1 Capital Spending 1,1 Debt Service Payments (Excl. G/O Bonds) 7 TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS \$ 10,4 TOTAL CHANGE in CASH \$ 10,4 Ending Balances- Hospital \$ 5,6 Ending Balances- Totals \$ 5,8 LOC Current Balances \$ 5,8 LOC Current Balances \$ 12,0 LOC Interest Expense Incurred \$ 12,0	-	TAL RECEIPT	တ				49	10,543,348	s	47,592,289
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Other Operating Costs	Other Operating Costs	21		Wag	jes, Ber		Contract Labor	မှ	5,301,184	s	29,715,056
Capital Spending 1,125,111 \$ Debt Service Payments (Excl. G/O Bonds) 80,825 \$ Debt Service Payments (Excl. G/O Bonds) 80,825 \$ TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS \$ 10,490,435 \$ TOTAL CHANGE in CASH \$ 10,490,435 \$ ENDING CASH BALANCES \$ 52,913 \$ Ending Balances- Hospital \$ 5,639,155 \$ Ending Balances- District \$ 5,842,260 \$ LOC Current Balances Courtent Balances \$ 5,842,260 \$ LOC Interest Expense Incurred \$ 12,000,000 \$ LOC Interest Expense Incurred \$ 85,000 \$	Capital Spending Debt Service Payments (Excl. G/O Bonds)	22		Othe	er Opera	ating Cc	sts		3,266,176	s	19,073,045
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Ending Balances- Totals	Ending Balances- Totals	32	Endi	ing Baland	ces-Dis	trict			203,105		203,105
LOC Current Balances \$ 12,000,000 \$ LOC Interest Expense Incurred 85,000 \$	LOC Current Balances LOC Interest Expense Incurred 1/17/2025	33	Endi	ng Baland	ces- Tot	als		ક	5,842,260	s	5,842,260
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LOC Interest Expense Incurred 85,000 \$ 1/17/2025 \$	LOC Interest Expense Incurred 1/17/2025		Current Bala	nces				↔	12,000,000	\$	12,000,000
		_	Interest Expe	ense Incui	rred				85,000	&	209,500
			/17/2025								

TAB G

MINUTES: Not Yet Approved by Committee

REGULAR MEETING OF THE SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS

HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE January 15, 2025

The regular meeting of the San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital Board of Directors Human Resources Committee was held on Wednesday, January 15, 2025, in Classroom C, 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, California.

Members Present: Susan DiBiasi, Perry Goldstein, Ron Rader, Steve Rutledge (C)

Excused Absence: None

Staff Present: Steve Barron (CEO), Angela Brady (CNE), Annah Karam (CHRO), Ariel

Whitley (Executive Assistant), Dan Heckathorne (CFO)

AGENDA ITEM	DISCUSSION	ACTION / FOLLOW-UP			
Call To Order	Steve Rutledge called the meeting to order at 9:03 am.				
Public Comment	No public was present.				
OLD BUSINESS					
Proposed Action - Approve Minutes: September 18, 2024, Regular Meeting	Steve Rutledge asked for any changes or corrections to the minutes of September 18, 2024, regular meeting. There were none.	The minutes of the September 18, 2024, Regular Meeting were reviewed and will stand as presented.			
NEW BUSINESS					
Reports					
A. Employment	Activity/Turnover Reports				
1. Employee Activity by Job Class/ Turnover Report (09/01/2024	Annah Karam, Chief Human Resources Officer, reviewed the report "Employee Activity by Job Class/Turnover Report" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet.				

A	GENDA ITEM	DISCUSSION	ACTION / FOLLOW-UP
	through 12/31/2024)		TODEOW CT
2.	Separation Reasons Analysis All Associates (09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the "Separation Reason Analysis for All Associates" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet. For this period, there were 51 Voluntary Separations and 15 Involuntary Separations for a total of 66.	
3.	Separation Reason Analysis Full and Part Time Associates (09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the "Separation Reason Analysis for Full and Part Time Associates" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet. For this period, there were 42 Voluntary Separations and 12 Involuntary Separations for a total of 54.	
4.	Separation Reason Analysis Per Diem Associates (09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the "Separation Reason Analysis for Per Diem Associates" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet. For this period, there were 10 Voluntary Separations and 2 Involuntary Separations for a total of 12.	
5.	FTE Vacancy Summary (09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the "FTE Vacancy Summary" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet. Annah reported that the Facility Wide vacancy rate as of 12/31/2024 was 20.26%.	
6.	RN Vacancy Summary (09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the "RN Vacancy Summary" for the period of 09/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet. Annah reported that the Overall All RN Vacancy rate as of 12/31/2024 was 21.94%.	

AGENDA ITEM	DISCUSSION	ACTION / FOLLOW-UP
B. Workers Con	npensation Report	
Workers Compensation Report (12/01/2024 through 12/31/2024)	Annah reviewed the Workers Compensation Reports covering the period of 12/01/2024 through 12/31/2024 as included in the Committee packet.	
Education	Annah reviewed each education article as included in the committee packet: • New 2025 Labor and Employment Laws: What Employers Need to Know • HR Manager's Legal Alert for Supervisors	
Future Agenda items	None.	
Next regular meeting	The next regular Human Resources Committee meeting is scheduled for April 16, 2025, @ 9:00 am.	
Adjournment	The meeting was adjourned at 9:48 am.	

In accordance with The Brown Act, *Section 54957.5*, all reports and handouts discussed during this Open Session meeting are public records and are available for public inspection. These reports and/or handouts are available for review at the Hospital Administration office located at 600 N. Highland Springs Avenue, Banning, CA 92220 during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

Minutes respectfully submitted by Ariel Whitley, Executive Assistant

EMPLOYEE ACTIVITY BY JOB CLASS / TURN OVER REPORT

09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024

	CURRENT	2023	YTD	CURRENT	2023	YTD	ACTIVE ASSOCIATE	LOA ASSOCIATE	CURRENT	ANNUALIZED	1 2
JOB CLASS/FAMILY	NEW HIRES	NEW HIRES	NEW HIRES	SEPARATIONS	SEPARATIONS	TERMS	COUNT	COUNT	TURNOVER	TURNOVER	3
	09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024		01/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024	09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024		01/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024	AS OF 12/31/2024	AS OF 12/31/2024	AS OF 12/31/2024		4
ADMIN/CLERICAL	6	9	10	6	11	13	81	5	7.41%	16.05%	5
ANCILLARY	10	24	20	11	17	26	82	1	13.41%	31.71%	6
CLS	0	5	0	1	4	1	4	0	25.00%	25.00%	7
DIRECTORS/MGRS	0	3	0	0	6	3	32	0	0.00%	9.38%	8
LVN	0	2	2	0	2	3	18	1	0.00%	16.67%	9
OTHER NURSING	9	27	17	5	31	14	61	0	8.20%	22.95%	10
PT	3	5	3	1	2	2	10	0	10.00%	20.00%	11
RAD TECH	3	5	6	1	6	4	31	1	3.23%	12.90%	12
RN	19	54	40	17	64	46	141	12	12.06%	32.62%	13
RT	0	3	2	0	3	1	22	1	0.00%	4.55%	14
SUPPORT SERVICES	18	59	28	24	51	47	103	8	23.30%	45.63%	15
											16
FACILITY TOTAL	68	196	128	66	197	160	585	29	11.28%	27.35%	17
	, ,						1				18
Full Time	46	115	78	44	104	89	404	22	10.89%	22.03%	19
Part Time	18	22	11	10 12	20 73	25	56 125	4	17.86%	44.64%	20
Per Diem TOTAL	68	59 196	39 128	66	73 197	46 160	585	3 29	9.60% 11.28%	36.80%	21

Current Turnover: J22
Annualized Turnover: K22

700	303	23	11.20/0		22
					23
Southern Califor	rnia Hospital Asso	ciation (HA	SC) Benchmark	τ:	24
Turnover for all	Associates		=	2.70%	25
Turnover for all	RNs		=	2.70%	26
			·		
TOTAL ASSOCIA	ATES ON PAYROL	L	=	614	
		_		011	i

Southern California Hospital Association (HASC) Benchmark:							
Turnover for all PER DIEM Associates	=	8.90%					
Turnover for all PER DIEM RNs	=	8.00%					

SEPARATION ANALYSIS

ALL ASSOCIATES

09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024

	Current Qtr			Length Of	Service			
REASON	%	Less than	90 days -	1-2	3-5	6-10	10+	Total
	by Category	90 days	1 year	years	years	years	years	Separations
Voluntary Separations								
Full-Time	51.5%	7	11	7	4	3	2	34
Part-Time	10.6%	2	3	2	0	0	0	7
Per Diem	15.2%	2	2	3	0	3	0	10
Subtotal, Voluntary Separations	77.3%	11	16	12	4	6	2	51
Involuntary Separations								
Full-Time	15.2%	2	2	2	1	0	3	10
Part-Time	4.5%	1	0	1	1	0	0	3
Per Diem	4.5%	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Subtotal, Involuntary Separation	22.7%	4	3	3	2	0	3	15

Total Separations	100.0%	15	19	15	6	6	5	66
Total Separations	100.0 /0				_		_	-00

SEPARATIONS BY DEPARTMENT	1-LT 90 DAYS	2-90 DAYS TO 1YR	3-1 TO 2 YRS	4-3 TO 5 YRS	5-6 TO 10 YRS	6-10+ YRS	Grand Total
· Involuntary	4	3	3	2	0 0 10 10 1110	2	14
BHC		1		(A)	3		1
Dietary	1	(5)	1	e)			2
ED	1					1	2
ICU			1				1
Joint Venture Phys Ther			1			1	2
Medical Clinic	1						1
MS		10		1			1
OR				1			1
Security	1	2		10			3
Voluntary	11	16	12	4	6	2	51
Accounting			2 .	1			3
BHC		2					2
Case Management					1		1
CT				1			1
Dietary	2	1		ss.			3
ED		2	3	1		1	7
Environmental Services		2	1	3			3
ICU		1		All and the second			1
Laboratory		1	1	1	3		6
MS	3	1	5-62-0	10		1	5
OB	1		1				2
OR	1	1		10	1		3
PACU		92		66	1		1
Physical Therapy			1				1
Registration		33	1	%			1
Security	2	5	2	<i>2</i> 1			9
Social Services	2		- 1	1		- 1	2
SUSPENDED						1	1
Environmental Services						1	1
Grand Total	15	19	15	6	6	5	66

FULL AND PART TIME ASSOCIATES 09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024

	Current Qtr		ı	Length Of Serv	ice			
REASON	%	Less than	90 days -	1-2	3-5	6-10	10+	Total
	by Category	90 days	1 year	years	years	years	years	Separations
Voluntary Separations								
Did not Return from LOA	1.9%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Employee Death	0.0%							0
Family/Personal Reasons	20.4%	2	3	4	1	0	1	11
Job Abandonment	5.6%	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
Job Dissatisfaction	9.3%	0	2	1	0	1	1	5
Medical Reasons	0.0%							0
New Job Opportunity	31.5%	5	5	4	1	2	0	17
Not Available to Work	1.9%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Pay	0.0%							0
Relocation	5.6%	0	1	0	2	0	0	3
Retirement	0.0%							0
Return to School	1.9%	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Unknown	0.0%							0
Subtotal, Voluntary Separations	77.8%	9	14	9	4	3	3	42
Involuntary Separations								
Attendance/Tardiness	0.0%							0
Conduct	16.7%	2	2	2	1	0	2	9
Death	0.0%							0
Expired Credentials	3.7%	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
Didn't meet scheduling needs	3.7%							0
Poor Performance	1.9%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Position Eliminations	0.0%							0
Temporary Position	0.0%							0
Subtotal, Involuntary Separations	22.2%	3	2	3	2	0	2	12

100.0%

1/10/202	5

Total Separations

Separation Reason Analysis

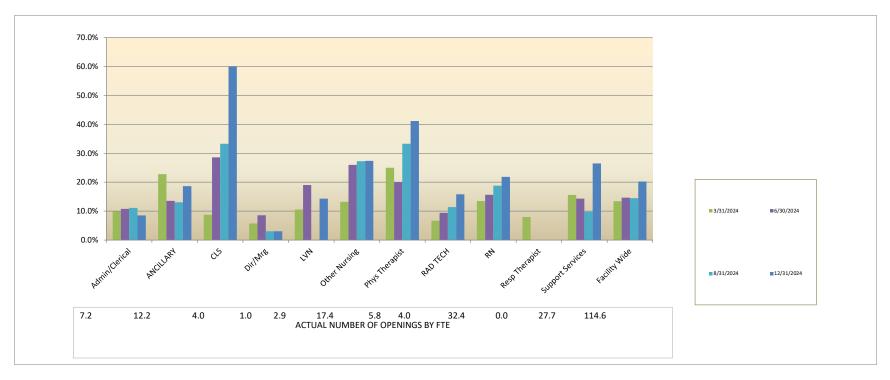
Per Diem Associates Only 09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024

	Current Qtr		Leng	th Of Serv	/ice			
REASON	%	Less than	90 days -	1-2	3-5	6-10	10+	Total
	by Category	90 days	1 year	years	years	years	years	Separations
Voluntary Separations								
Did not Return from LOA	0.0%							0
Employee Death	0.0%							0
Family/Personal Reasons	16.7%	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
Job Abandonment	0.0%							0
Job Dissatisfaction	8.3%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Medical Reasons	0.0%							0
New Job Opportunity	41.7%	0	0	3	0	2	0	5
Not Available to Work	0.0%							0
Pay	0.0%							0
Relocation	0.0%							0
Retirement	0.0%							0
Return to School	8.3%	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Unknown	8.3%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Subtotal, Voluntary Separations	83.3%	2	2	3	0	3	0	10
Involuntary Separations								
Attendance/Tardiness	0.0%							0
Conduct	8.3%	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Didn't meet certification deadline	0.0%							0
Didn't meet scheduling needs	0.0%							0
Poor Performance	8.3%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Position Eliminations	0.0%							0
Temporary Position	0.0%							0
Subtotal, Involuntary Separations	16.7%	1	1	0	0	0	0	2

Total Separations	100.0%	3	3	3	0	3	0	12

FTE Vacancy Summary: 09/01/2024 THROUGH 12/31/2024

						<u>Other</u>		RAD		Resp	<u>Support</u>	<u>Facility</u>
	Admin/Clerical	<u>ANCILLARY</u>	CLS	<u>Dir/Mrg</u>	<u>LVN</u>	Nursing	Phys Therapist	TECH	RN	Therapist	<u>Services</u>	<u>Wide</u>
3/31/2024	9.89%	22.78%	8.70%	5.71%	10.53%	13.19%	25.00%	6.67%	13.48%	8.00%	15.60%	13.44%
6/30/2024	10.75%	13.54%	28.57%	8.57%	19.05%	26.03%	20.00%	9.38%	15.64%	0.00%	14.29%	14.67%
8/31/2024	11.11%	13.04%	33.33%	3.03%	0.00%	27.27%	33.33%	11.43%	18.78%	0.00%	9.76%	14.49%
12/31/2024	8.51%	18.63%	60.00%	3.03%	14.29%	27.38%	41.18%	15.79%	21.83%	0.00%	26.49%	20.26%

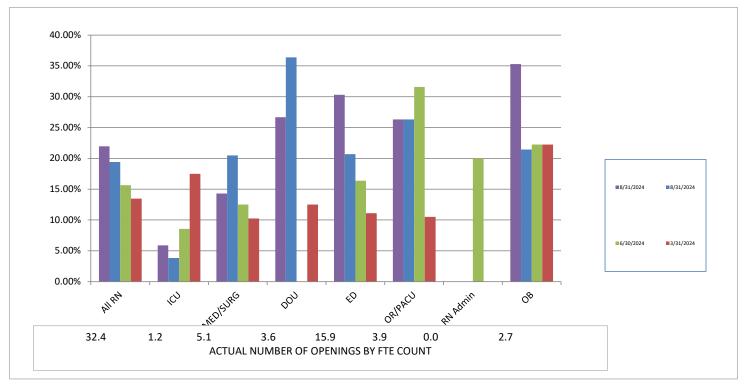


VACANCY RATE = Number of openings/(total staff + openings)

	8/31/2024	8/31/2024	6/30/2024	3/31/2024
All RN	21.94%	19.43%	15.64%	13.48%
ICU	5.88%	3.85%	8.57%	17.50%
MED/SURG	14.29%	20.45%	12.50%	10.26%
DOU	26.67%	36.36%	0.00%	12.50%
ED	30.30%	20.69%	16.36%	11.11%
OR/PACU	26.32%	26.32%	31.58%	10.53%
RN Admin	0.00%	0.00%	20.00%	0.00%
OB	35.29%	21.43%	22.22%	22.22%

	OPEN POSITIONS	TOTAL STAFF	VACANCY RATE
All RN	43	153	21.94%
ICU	2	32	5.88%
Med Surg	6	36	14.29%
DOU	4	11	26.67%
ED	20	46	30.30%
OR/PACU	5	14	26.32%
RN Adm.	0	3	0.00%
ОВ	6	11	35.29%

FTE
32.4
1.2
5.1
3.6
15.9
3.9
0
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A- F			DASHBOARD REPORT San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital								
RR			DASHBOARD			Data as of 12/31/2024					
Je D			Fiscal Year Basis: Ju	ly			300 J-000 4 000				
HEALT	HCARE GROUP					Kej	porting Pen	od 12/1/2024	- 12/31/202	4	
SUMMARY D	ΔΤΔ										
				Values							
iscalYear		[ut	ValuationDate *	Total Paid	Total Reserves	Total		Count	Open Count		
2015-2016		1000	2024-12-31	845,278	148,060	993,3	BORON I	40		3	
2016-2017			2024-12-31	205,546	1.0,000	205,5		27		2	
2017-2018			2024-12-31	72,312	8=8	72,3		18		<u></u>	
2018-2019			2024-12-31	91,892	49,405	141,2	97	16		2	
2019-2020			2024-12-31	68,021	62-8	68,0	21	15		=	
2020-2021			2024-12-31	438,204	219,003	657,2	07	22		3	
2021-2022			2024-12-31	111,249	65,334	176,5	84	18		3 2	
2022-2023			2024-12-31	173,627	124,242	297,8	69	13		3	
2023-2024			2024-12-31	403,233	221,744	624,9	77	29		7	
2024-2025			2024-12-31	26,315	73,962	100,2	77	17	12	9	
Grand Total				2,435,678	901,750	3,337,4	28	215	2	9	
DASHBOARD R	EPORT						San	Gorgonio	Memorial	Hospit	
iscal Year Basis: July								_		of 12/31/2	
								Reporting P	eriod 12/1/2024	- 12/31/2	
OP TEN CLAIMS									177		
Claim Number	Claimant	Department	Ca	nuse		DOI	Status	Total Paid	Total Reserves	Total	
20805905		Surgical Service	-	II, Slip or Trip Injury	/	2020-08-04	Open	284,224	87,705	371,9	
										100000000000000000000000000000000000000	

Fall, Slip or Trip Injury

Burn or Scald - Heat or Cold Exposures - 2016-07-21

Strain or Injury By

Strain or Injury By

Strain or Injury By

2016-05-31

2016-01-05

2021-03-16

2023-07-11

2022-11-20

2023-09-03

2016-02-20

2024-06-04

Open

Open

Re-Open

Open

Open

Closed

Open

Closed

Open

173,385

138,013

60,842

138,040

61,030

98,814

61,649

93,934

24,813

47,840

62,541

86,411

6,897

38,278

35,022

62,782

221,225

200,553

147,253

144,937

99,308

98,814

96,671

93,934

87,595

Environmental Services

Environmental Services

Environmental Services

Emergency Department

Obstetrics

Laboratory

Obstetrics

Medical Surgical

Medical Surgical

16000811

16000026

21000657

23001495

22002677

16001005

23001964

16000233

24001902

FREQUENCY BY DEPARTMENT					SEVERITY BY DEPARTMENT				
	Claim	% of	Total	% of Total		Claim	% of	Total	% of Total
Department	Count	Claims	Incurred	Incurred	Department	Count	Claims	Incurred	Incurred
Medical Surgical	40	18.60%	737,739	22.11%	Environmental Services	38	17.67%	743,648	22.28%
Environmental Services	38	17.67%	743,648	22.28%	Medical Surgical	40	18.60%	737,739	22.11%
Emergency Department	29	13.49%	226,517	6.79%	Surgical Services	9	4.19%	409,708	12.28%
Dietary	22	10.23%	42,399	1.27%	Obstetrics	6	2.79%	354,523	10.62%
Laboratory	10	4.65%	221,028	6.62%	Emergency Department	29	13.49%	226,517	6.79%
Surgical Services	9	4.19%	409,708	12.28%	Laboratory	10	4.65%	221,028	6.62%
Intensive Care Unit (ICU)	8	3.72%	59,995	1.80%	Nursing Administration	5	2.33%	135,145	4.05%
Security Department	7	3.26%	92,286	2.77%	Security Department	7	3.26%	92,286	2.77%
Obstetrics	6	2.79%	354,523	10.62%	Medical Staff	6	2.79%	69,218	2.07%
Medical Staff	6	2.79%	69,218	2.07%	CT/Echotechnology	2	0.93%	64,766	1.94%
FREQUENCY BY CAUSE					SEVERITY BY CAUSE				
	Claim	% of	Total	% of Total		Claim	% of	Total	% of Total
Cause	Count	Claims	Incurred	Incurred	Cause	Count	Claims	Incurred	Incurred
Strain or Injury By	70	32.56%	913,651	27.38%	Fall, Slip or Trip Injury	35	16.28%	1,687,205	50.55%
Fall, Slip or Trip Injury	35	16.28%	1,687,205	50.55%	Strain or Injury By	70	32.56%	913,651	27.38%
Burn or Scald - Heat or Cold Exposures - Contact	25	11.63%	133,953	4.01%	Miscellaneous Causes	12	5.58%	226,851	6.80%
Struck or Injured By	24	11.16%	182,514	5.47%	Struck or Injured By	24	11.16%	182,514	5.47%
Cut, Puncture, Scrape Injured by	19	8.84%	76,893	2.30%	Burn or Scald - Heat or Cold Exposure	25	11.63%	133,953	4.01%
Exposure	13	6.05%	62,327	1.87%	Cut, Puncture, Scrape Injured by	19	8.84%	76,893	2.30%
Miscellaneous Causes	12	5.58%	226,851	6.80%	Exposure	13	6.05%	62,327	1.87%
Caught In, Under or Between	12	5.58%	9,997	0.30%	Motor Vehicle	2	0.93%	31,133	0.93%
Striking Against or Stepping on	3	1.40%	12,903	0.39%	Striking Against or Stepping on	3	1.40%	12,903	0.39%
Motor Vehicle	2	0.93%	31,133	0.93%	Caught In, Under or Between	12	5.58%	9,997	0.30%

Open Claims	San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital
Fiscal Year Basis: July	Data as of 12/31/2024
	Reporting Period 12/1/2024 - 12/31/2024

						Values				
Loss Date	√¹ Claim #	▼ Status ¬ Claima	nt Name	▼ InjuryCauseGroup ▼	Litigated (1= ▼	Count	Paid	Outstanding	Incurred	Lost Time
2015-08-20	15001161	Re-Open	Future Medical	Strain or Injury By	0	1	27,087	37,679	64,766	0
2016-01-05	16000026	Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	1	1	138,013	62,541	200,553	749
2016-05-31	16000811	Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	1	1	173,385	47,840	221,225	730
2018-07-09	18752164	Open	Indemnity	Miscellaneous Caus	1	1	_	5,000	5,000	0
2019-02-11	19000235	Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	29,752	44,405	74,157	0
2020-08-04	20805905	Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	1	1	284,224	87,705	371,928	728
2021-03-16	21000657	Re-Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	1	1	60,842	86,411	147,253	327
2021-04-30	21001003	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	2,233	44,888	47,121	0
2021-08-13	21001795	Open	Future Medical	Strain or Injury By	0	1	33,280	40,127	73,407	70
2022-01-23	22000651	Re-Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	31,833	25,207	57,040	106
2022-11-20	22002677	Open	Future Medical	Strain or Injury By	0	1	61,030	38,278	99,308	200
2022-12-02	22002737	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	5,172	46,642	51,814	11
2023-03-07	23000477	Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	36,780	39,321	76,101	125
2023-07-11	23001495	Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	1	1	138,040	6,897	144,937	112
2023-09-03	23001964	Open	Future Medical	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	61,649	35,022	96,671	154
2023-10-01	23003282	Open	Indemnity	Miscellaneous Caus	0	1	4,294	16,206	20,500	0
2024-01-09	23003107	Open	Future Medical	Strain or Injury By	0	1	7,025	33,368	40,393	22
2024-01-11	24000701	Open	Indemnity	Miscellaneous Caus	. 1	1	11,577	42,923	54,500	0
2024-02-23	24000340	Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	34,750	24,546	59,297	100
2024-06-04	24001902	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	24,813	62,782	87,595	94
2024-07-22	24001567	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	9,276	11,558	20,834	22
2024-08-05	24001690	Open	Medical	Cut, Puncture, Scrap	0	1	1,350	2,150	3,500	0
2024-09-06	24001960	Re-Open	Indemnity	Miscellaneous Caus	1	1	682	32,436	33,118	0
2024-09-15	24002020	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	9,548	10,917	20,465	65
2024-10-23	24002364	Open	Indemnity	Strain or Injury By	0	1	1,228	4,484	5,713	5
2024-11-07	24002481	Open	Medical	Burn or Scald - Heat	0	1	1 22	1,700	1,700	0
2024-11-20	24002649	Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	0.00	300	300	0
2024-11-27	24002638	Open	Indemnity	Fall, Slip or Trip Inju	0	1	953	10,416	11,369	8
2024-12-28	24002800	Open	Medical	Cut, Puncture, Scrap	0	1	(- 2)	-		0
Grand Total		20	•	10 No 30	1111	29	1,188,816	901,750	2,090,566	3,628



New 2025 Labor and Employment Laws: What Employers Need to Know

By James W. Ward, Employment Law Subject Matter Expert/ Legal Writer and Editor





We're coming to the end of October, which means the annual legislative cycle has ended. California Governor Gavin Newsom signed hundreds of bills into law touching on a wide variety of issues, including labor and employment.

But employers are still catching their breath after the incredibly busy year we've already had, including California's new workplace violence prevention laws, Private Attorneys General Act (PAGA) reform, indoor heat illness prevention regulations and the recent federal Pregnant Workers Fairness Act regulations, to name a few. Still, employers need to be ready for new 2025 labor and employment laws so here's a quick look to help prepare. Unless otherwise stated, these new laws are effective January 1, 2025.

Minimum Wage

California's minimum wage isn't technically a new law, but it does increase on January 1, 2025 — plus local minimum wage ordinance updates, a recently triggered health care worker minimum wage and a November ballot proposition make it more complicated.

On January 1, 2025, the general California statewide minimum wage is scheduled to increase to \$16.50 per hour. However, the November 2024 ballot has Proposition 32, which, if approved, would increase the minimum wage for employers with 26 or more employees to \$17 per hour for the rest of 2024 and increase to \$18 per hour on January 1, 2025. Proposition 32 would also raise the minimum wage for small businesses with 25 or fewer employees to at least \$17 per hour on January 1, 2025, with another increase in 2026 to \$18 per hour.

Employers should remember that any increase to the state minimum wage will trigger an increase in the salary test for employees classified under California's "white collar exemptions," which require employees to earn a minimum monthly salary of no less than two times the state minimum wage for full-time employment. Industry-specific minimum wages, such as the new health care worker minimum wage (discussed below) and the fast food worker minimum wage that went into effect in April 2024, impose separate salary tests for exempt employees in those industries.

In addition to statewide minimum wage changes, after several delays, the long-awaited California health care worker minimum wage law took effect on October 16, 2024. Signed last year and originally scheduled to take effect in June 2024, this law eventually had three potential start dates depending on certain triggers, and on October 1, 2024, it was triggered, creating a 15-day window for the health care worker minimum wage to be implemented.

Covering 20 different facility types, the health care worker minimum wage law implements different rates and scheduled rate increases depending on the facility type. Plus, covered health care employers must post a supplemental minimum wage notice in the workplace alongside the regular statewide minimum wage notice. Employers who are unsure whether their facilities are covered should consult with legal counsel.

Finally, employers should keep in mind any applicable local minimum wage ordinances increases. On January 1, the following jurisdictions are expected to increase their local minimum wage: Belmont, Burlingame, Cupertino, Daly City, East Palo Alto, El Cerrito, Foster City, Half Moon Bay, Hayward, Los Altos, Menlo Park, Mountain View, Novato, Oakland, Palo Alto, Petaluma, Redwood City, Richmond, San Carlos, San Diego, San Jose, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, Sonoma, South San Francisco, Sunnyvale and West Hollywood. Some localities have already announced their new 2025



local minimum wage; for instance, Mountain View's will increase to \$19.20/hour (up from \$18.75/hour), Santa Clara's will increase to \$18.20/hour (up from \$17.75/hour) and West Hollywood's will increase to \$19.65/hour (up from \$19.08/hour).

Leaves of Absence

AB 2499 expands and moves crime victims' leave from the Labor Code to the Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) meaning the California Civil Rights Department (CRD) will have enforcement authority. It also similarly moves jury and witness duty leave, but while that leave effectively remains the same, crime victims' leave expands on existing requirements.

For example, while employers with 25 or more employees must still provide employees who are victims of a crime with time off for treatment and various other reasons, the new law expands those reasons plus employers must provide employees with time off to help family members who are victims of a crime.

The new law also broadens the definition of "victim" to someone who suffers a "qualifying act of violence," encompassing everything covered by existing law and also includes, for example:

When an individual brandishes a dangerous weapon at someone;

• Threatens to use force to injure someone; or

• An act that causes bodily injury or death to another.

Previously, the law defined victim largely in relation to crimes and domestic violence as defined by California Family and Penal codes. Employers should review this new law and update their policies as necessary.

Employers
must provide
employees with
time off to help
family members
who are victims
of violence.

Another new law, SB 1105, revises California's paid sick leave, expressly allowing agricultural employees to use accrued paid sick leave to avoid smoke, heat or flooding conditions created by a local or state emergency. The bill states that the revision doesn't constitute a change in the law; rather, it's a clarification of, or "declaratory of," existing law to the extent that the sick days are necessary for an employee's preventive care.

One more notable leave of absence change is AB 2011, which makes the CRD's Small Employer (5-19 Employees) Mediation Program permanent as it was scheduled to end this year. The program is also expanded to cover reproductive loss leave disputes in addition to California Family Rights Act (CFRA) and bereavement leave disputes.

Finally, California's State Disability Insurance (SDI) and Paid Family Leave (PFL) programs have two changes. First, AB 2123 eliminates employers' current ability to require employees use up to two weeks of accrued vacation before — and as a condition of — receiving PFL wage replacement benefits. Employers that maintained this practice should update their policies by January 1.



The second change is based on a 2022 law that revised the formulas for determining benefits under both the SDI and PFL programs for periods of disability beginning on or after January 1, 2025. So, beginning next year, the wage replacement rate will increase to between 70 to 90 percent of the wages the employee earned in the highest quarter of the base period (currently it's between 60 to 70 percent), depending on the individual's wages earned.

Employer Speech

One significant new law concerns employer speech; SB 399 seeks to end so-called captive audience meetings during work hours. Specifically, the law prohibits an employer from subjecting — or threatening to subject — an employee to discrimination, retaliation or any adverse action because the employee declines to attend an employer-sponsored meeting or affirmatively declines to participate in, receive or listen to any employer communications about the employer's opinion on religious or political matters.

SB 399
creates new
employer speech
restrictions
regarding religious
or political
matters.

"Political matters" is defined broadly as matters relating to elections for political office, political parties, legislation, regulations and the decision to join or support any political party, or political or labor organization.

"Religious matters" is similarly broadly defined as matters relating to religious affiliation and practice.

matters relating to religious affiliation and practice, and the decision to join or support any religious organization or association.

The law provides that an employee who is working at the time of the meeting and elects not to attend must continue to be paid while the meeting is being held.

The law has a few narrow exceptions — like it doesn't apply to certain religious corporations and political organizations. Additionally, the law does not restrict employers from engaging in communications or training mandated by law or necessary for job performance.

CalChamber tagged SB 399 as a job killer bill this year.

Discrimination, Harassment and Retaliation Prevention

Two new bills add to California's anti-discrimination laws. First, SB 1100 continues the recent trend of regulating what employers can say during the recruiting and hiring process. This law prohibits employers from listing a driver's license as a preferred qualification for job candidates unless certain conditions are met.



Specifically, employers cannot include a statement in a job advertisement, posting, application or other materials that an applicant must have a driver's license, unless the employer both:

- "Reasonably expects" driving to be one of the job functions for the position; and
- "Reasonably believes" that using an alternative form of transportation would not be comparable in travel time or cost to the employer.

Thus, even if driving is a position's job function, employers still can't require a driver's license unless they carefully consider and conclude that alternative forms of travel, including using ride-share services, taxis and bicycles, carpooling, or walking, would not work.

Then, SB 1137 clarifies that the FEHA, the Unruh Civil Rights Act and the Education Code's anti-discrimination provisions prohibit discrimination not only based on individual protected characteristics, but also on any combination of protected characteristics — a concept often referred to as intersectionality. In this bill, the California Legislature specifically affirmed a Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals decision recognizing that when an individual alleges discrimination based on multiple protected characteristics, it may be necessary to determine whether discrimination occurred based on the combination of characteristics instead of in isolation (University of Hawai'i, 40 F.3d 1551 (9th Cir. 1994)).

Required Poster and Notice Updates

Current California law requires employers to post a notice that provides employees with their rights under workers' compensation laws. Under AB 1870, employers will need an updated workers' compensation poster that informs employees that they may consult with a licensed attorney to advise them of their rights under workers' compensation laws in addition to existing requirements.

Similarly, California law requires employers to display a list of employees' rights and responsibilities under the state's whistleblower laws. Now, AB 2299 requires the California Labor Commissioner to develop a model notice that otherwise complies with existing requirements. Employers posting the Labor Commissioner's model poster will be deemed in compliance with the law.

Finally, California employers must provide notice to employees of their rights under the state's laws providing leave for crime and abuse victims. With AB 2499's expansions to these leave provisions (discussed in Leaves of Absence above), employers will need to provide an updated notice next year. Specifically, AB 2499 directs the CRD to create a model form that employers may use to comply with notice requirements, but employers don't have to comply until the CRD's model form is posted. The CRD has a July 1, 2025, deadline for their model form, but it's unlikely CRD will wait that long so employers should prepare for a new notice by January 1, 2025.



Independent Contractors

Following a similar Los Angeles City law, SB 988 creates the Freelance Worker Protection Act, which imposes requirements on employers that form agreements with freelance workers providing "professional services" (limited to those listed in Labor Code section 2778) for the employer that are worth \$250 or more.

If a contract falls under the Freelance Worker Protection Act's scope, the law requires that the contract be in writing and include certain information (e.g., names, dates, list of services and payment information). Additionally, payment must be made on the date specified in the contract or no later than 30 days after completion of services. Discrimination or retaliation against individuals exercising their rights under the law is prohibited.

Workplace Safety

First, on January 1, 2025, certain provisions from last year's SB 428 take effect; it expands the scope of the state's workplace violence temporary restraining order (TRO) laws. Currently, an employer can seek a TRO on behalf of an employee who has suffered unlawful violence or a credible threat of violence that was or could be carried out at the workplace. Beginning January 1, 2025, the employee's collective bargaining representative can also seek a TRO, not just the employer.

Also in January, workplace TROs may be sought when an employee suffers "harassment," which in this case means a "knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that seriously alarms, annoys, or harasses the person, and that serves no legitimate purpose." The conduct must be something that causes a "reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress and must actually cause substantial emotional distress."

New for this year are AB 2975 and AB 1976; both direct the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board — the standards board within the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) — to address certain topics through rulemaking in the future.

Specifically, by March 2027, AB 2975 requires the board to revise the existing violence prevention in health care regulations to include a requirement that a hospital implement a weapons detection screening policy. By December 2027, AB 1976 directs the board to submit a draft rulemaking proposal to include opioid antagonists — medications that block the effects of opioids — with required first aid materials. These are in addition to existing directives to consider revising existing outdoor heat illness prevention and wildfire smoke regulations by December 31, 2025.

And keep in mind, the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is considering a national indoor and outdoor heat illness prevention standard, which could prompt Cal/OSHA to make conforming changes to its regulations next year.

Though these measures have no immediate impact, it's worth noting that employers will see some regulatory updates in these areas in the near future.



Lastly, Cal/OSHA's COVID-19 regulations will end next year: the two-year COVID-19 regulation that succeeded the COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards will remain in effect only through February 3, 2025.

Social Compliance Audits

Wrapping up next year's most notable new labor and employment laws is AB 3234, which is ultimately aimed at protecting minor employees. Employers that opt to voluntarily undertake a "social compliance audit" will be required to post a link on their website to a report detailing the audit's findings regarding the employer's compliance with child labor laws.

According to the new law, a social compliance audit is "a voluntary, nongovernmental inspection or assessment of an employer's operations or practices to evaluate whether the operations or practices are in compliance with state and federal labor laws, including, but not limited to, wage and hour and health and safety regulations, including those regarding child labor."

Though the audit may cover a variety of issues, the specified report must include certain information related only to child labor law compliance. Employers that undertake this type of audit should review the new law and consult legal counsel with any questions.

For more information about how these new laws will affect your workplace, join CalChamber's 2025 Employment Law Update seminars, where our legal experts delve into recent California and federal laws, regulations and court cases — registration opens soon for both in-person and virtual sessions taking place in January 2025!

Employers should consult with legal counsel to address any questions they may have and help ensure compliance with the laws covered here.

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CalChamber Can Help

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2025 Employment Law Updates





California Wage Order Posters

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In This Issue

2 You Make The Call Was it OK for employer to stop paying woman

during lactation breaks?

3 News

New government data reveals the No. 1 bias claim made by workers.

3 New Legal Rulings Knowing he was about

to be disciplined, man seeks immediate leave.

4 Legal Developments

Boss surprised when disabled staffer rejects work-from-home offer.

4 Legal Nightmare

Woman transitioning to man upset when boss calls him "baby girl."

Employee called 'old lady,' told to 'hurry up and retire already'

Fired due to her own discriminatory behavior, older woman sues

The scenario

An older woman dreaded going to work because of the discriminatory animus she faced due to her age. On a daily basis, several of her coworkers called her "old lady" and "grandma."

Even when she was in the bathroom, she was subject to ageist comments such as, "Hurry up old lady; why are you in there so long?"

The woman's coworkers also left offensive Post-It notes on her computer keyboard. The notes, which appeared regularly, said things such as "Time to retire, old lady," "Hurry up and retire already, grandma" and "hearing aid?"

Meanwhile, a Black female coworker reported that she

was uncomfortable working with the older woman. She said the white woman had told her that she didn't look Black, referred to Chinese people as "chinks," asked customers to speak English and said immigrants were being thrown over the wall.

The employer substantiated the complaints made by the Black woman, so the older woman was asked to stop using inappropriate language. The woman refused to change her behavior, so she was terminated for violating the employer's code of conduct.

Legal challenge

The older woman sued for a hostile work environment motivated by her age.

The ruling

The employer lost. The court said the woman endured severe and pervasive hostility based on her age, pointing to the ageist comments and notes directed at her. In fact, she couldn't even go to the bathroom without enduring ageism.

The skinny

It's best to have zero tolerance for unacceptable comments. Consider: A woman who refused to stop engaging in discriminatory behavior still beat her former employer in court.

<u>Cite</u>: *Schneidermesser v. NYU Grossman School of Medicine,* U.S. District Court, S.D. New York, No. 21-cv-7179, 9/10/24.

Race bias? White supervisor says she's tired of Black people complaining about slavery

African American woman says her boss made several inappropriate comments, sues

It's unfortunate that Claudia's white boss made some comments that were racially insensitive," said Supervisor Nathan Hawkins.

"Yes, several of the statements were disturbing," said HR Director Carolyn McGill. "To top it off, Claudia just filed a race discrimination lawsuit against us, claiming that we fired her because she's Black."

"Claudia is mistaken," said Nathan. "Besides, she resigned her position, so she didn't even experience an adverse employment action."

"According to Claudia," said Carolyn, "she was forced to quit."

Unable to budget

"I don't know about that," said Nathan. "I mean, yeah, Claudia's white boss made some comments that weren't appropriate. Apparently, the boss once told Claudia that Black people don't know how

to budget and that if they did know how to budget, they'd be Republicans. The boss also told Claudia that she was tired of Black people complaining about slavery, and alleged that most abortions are performed on Black women.

"Those comments were flatout wrong," continued Nathan. "However, again, Claudia wasn't terminated, so I'm not sure what she's suing us for."

"Claudia contends that she was forced to quit because of

the unprofessional manner in which we responded to her complaint about a customer," said Carolyn. "Apparently, the customer directed several disturbing comments about race, abortion and politics at Claudia."

Investigation launched

"As soon as Claudia reported the unfortunate customer interaction," said Nathan, "we launched an

(Please see *Slavery* ... on p. 2)

Slavery ...

(Continued from p. 1)

investigation. We decided to end our relationship with the customer, but we gave her 30 days to make arrangements to move her business elsewhere."

Another 30 days

"Claudia insists that we needed to cut off the customer right away," said Carolyn. "She says the customer could've still harassed her for another 30 days."

"But we told Claudia that she didn't have to deal with the customer anymore," said Nathan. "Someone else would take care of her. But despite our assurances, Claudia wasn't satisfied. She went home and never came back. Keep in mind that we later learned that Claudia had told a coworker that she was planning her exit

strategy. We think she used the customer interaction as an excuse to resign."

"Claudia's justification for leaving the job was weak," said Carolyn. "We'll challenge this lawsuit."

Result: The company won. The court dismissed the case.

The judge said the Black woman failed to prove that she was forced to resign her position. As such, her claim of constructive discharge lacked merit, which meant that she didn't experience an adverse employment action and couldn't pursue her allegation that she was constructively discharged because of her race.

Prompt response

The court pointed out that the employer responded promptly to the woman's complaints about the

customer by launching an investigation and taking quick action to end its relationship with the customer. It wasn't unreasonable for the company to provide the customer with 30 days to move her business elsewhere. Plus, the Black woman had told a coworker that she was planning her exit strategy, further weakening her claim of constructive discharge.

No adverse action

And while the woman endured several racist comments from her boss, they weren't enough to prove bias, given that the staffer quit the job and didn't suffer an adverse employment action.

Cite: Russo v. The Bryn Mawr Trust Co., U.S. Court of Appeals 3, No. 22-3235, 8/9/24.

What it means to you

Remember the importance of responding promptly to all allegations of potentially inappropriate behavior. In this case, when the Black woman reported that a customer had behaved poorly, the company investigated her claim right away and ended its relationship with the customer. Because of its prompt and effective response, the employer was in a much stronger legal position when the woman later sued.

Your takeaway: As soon as a staffer alerts you to potentially discriminatory behavior, let the person know that you'll act quickly to address the situation. Then follow your employer's procedures. Chances are, you'll want to let your HR manager know what's going on.

Bonus: Be sure to keep the worker updated on what's being done to address the complaint.

You make the call

Was woman fired because she took lactation breaks?

"I know Jenny was really unhappy when we changed our policy on lactation breaks," said Supervisor Margie Brunton. "However, I find it hard to believe that she's suing us."

"Unfortunately," said HR Manager Alan Frankel, "Jenny is suing us, claiming that we terminated her in retaliation for taking lactation breaks."

"We didn't fire Jenny in retaliation for pumping breast milk," said Margie. "We dismissed her because she secretly recorded a meeting with her boss. That was a clear violation of our personalconduct policy, which specifically forbids covert recordings."

Policy changed

"What prompted Jenny to request a meeting with her boss?" asked Alan.

"Jenny had been taking lactation breaks for several months," said Margie. "She was being paid for those breaks. When we changed our company-wide policy to unpaid lactation breaks, Jenny was very unhappy and she requested a meeting with her boss."

"I don't believe we had a legal obligation to pay for lactation breaks," said Alan.

"That's my belief as well," said Margie. "However, unbeknownst to her supervisor, Jenny recorded the meeting. When we later found out what she had done, we let her go."

"Jenny contends that her use of lactation breaks was a so-called protected activity," said Alan, "and that we fired her in retaliation for taking the breaks."

"We terminated Jenny because she violated our personal-conduct policy," said Margie, "not because she was pumping breast milk. We should fight this lawsuit."

Did the company win?

■ Make your call, then please turn to page 4 for the court's ruling.

HR Manager's

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legal news for supervisors

The No. 1 bias claim made by U.S. workers

Proceed cautiously before taking a so-called adverse employment action against a worker who has alleged unlawful discrimination.

Reason: The adverse action could prompt an allegation of retaliation. In fact, according to data recently released by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), retaliation is the No. 1 bais claim made by U.S. workers against employers.

The data was included in a new EEOC report on diversity in the high-tech workforce compared with the general workforce. The report revealed that 53.4% of the charges submitted by all workers to the agency in 2022 included a retaliation claim. In the high-tech sector, 54.4% of the charges mentioned retaliation.

The other top allegations made by workers in the general workforce and the high-tech workforce were:

- disability (34.4% of the general workforce; 35% of the high-tech workforce)
- race (28%; 27.2%)
- gender (24.6%; 24.3%)
- religion (21.4%; 23.2%)
- age (14.9%; 19.8%)
- national origin (7.3%;

Key point: Workers who file an internal or an external allegation of bias and are subsequently punished for having done so, e.g., a demotion or termination, usually have a viable claim of retaliation.

No interactive process prior to termination

One employer just found out the high cost of failing to engage in the interactive process: \$400,000.

That's how much Pilot Air Freight LLC has been forced to pay in order to resolve a disability discrimination lawsuit pursued by the EEOC.

According to the lawsuit, Thomas Hunt was hired to work at a Pilot facility in Atlanta. A few days after he started, he told his boss that he needed some time off to meet with his doctor to discuss his recent diagnosis of mouth cancer.

A short time later, Hunt was fired, allegedly due to a reduction in force. Hunt reached out to the EEOC, which sued. The agency noted that Pilot Air Freight refused to meet with Hunt to discuss accommodation options, which meant the company failed to engage in the legally mandatory interactive process.

Based on EEOC v. Pilot.

New legal rulings

Employee wanted to take immediate leave

Staff members must provide vou with reasonable notice of their need for leave.

What happened: Before his employer had completed an investigation of him for potential attendance violations, a worker emailed his manager and said he was immediately taking time off under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA). He was fired.

Legal challenge: The staffer sued for FMLA interference. Company's response: He tried to take leave to avoid discipline.

Ruling: The employer won. The crew member was required to provide the organization with reasonable notice of his need for leave. An email sent right before his planned leave time wasn't sufficient notice.

Cite: Covington v. Union Memorial Hospital, U.S. District Court, D. Maryland, No. DKC 22-2655, 8/13/24.

Man paid \$20,000 more than woman

Make sure you have a solid reason – such as experience or education - for paying male workers more than females.

What happened: A woman who'd performed a job on a parttime basis was disappointed to learn that the man hired for the job full time was being paid \$20,000 more than she was.

Legal challenge: The woman sued for gender discrimination based on unequal pay.

Company's response: She had less experience and education. Ruling: The company won. The employer was justified in paying the man more because he had 13 years of relevant experience and a degree while she had five years of relevant experience and lacked a degree.

Cite: Woods v. Edelman Financial Engines LLC, U.S. District Court, D. Kansas, No. 2:23-cv-02259, 8/26/24.

focus: microaggressions

How to respond to subtle behaviors that could cause your people to feel devalued

ree's a statistic that Π might surprise you: More than one-quarter of U.S. employees who responded to a recent survey reported that they'd definitely experienced a microaggression at work; another 22% said they might have suffered a microaggression on the job.

These numbers show that microaggressions are fairly common in the workplace, and they help explain why you need to respond to them quickly in order to reduce the chances that someone who suffers a microaggression will pursue a costly lawsuit.

Microaggressions, which are subtle behaviors that lead someone to feel devalued, can take many

different forms, including microassaults, which are overt actions meant to cause harm, e.g., hanging up a photo of a scantily clad

Harm not intended

Another type of microaggression is a microinsult, which isn't intended to cause harm and is often driven by unconscious bias or cultural ignorance. Example: Telling a Black person that he or she is articulate, which implies that Black people aren't expected to be articulate.

And microaggressions sometimes take the form of microinvalidations - talking over someone or blatantly interrupting a coworker. For

instance, a male employee might "manterrupt" a female colleague.

As a supervisor focused on stamping out unacceptable conduct such as microaggressions, it's important to act promptly and decisively when you become aware of a potential microaggression that has upset a crew member.

Speak to the person who has committed the microaggression, and carefully explain to him or her the difference between intent and impact. Example: "I know you didn't intend for your comment to come off as discriminatory, but your coworker perceived the statement to be offensive to her national origin."

Man suffers allergic reaction to coworker's cologne, sues for disability discrimination

Supervisor's take-home:

The process of identifying an accommodation for a disabled crew member is supposed to be interactive. You can't just give a worker a take-it-or-leave-it offer and end the conversation.

What happened: A staff member began to experience an allergic reaction to the cologne worn by another worker in a nearby cubicle. He sent an email to his manager seeking an accommodation for his severe allergies.

What people did: The manager promised to work with the staffer to identify an accommodation. However, a few days later, without even speaking to the worker, the manager said the disabled man could work at home

fulltime. The worker rejected that proposal, saying he didn't have room at home for an office and that he didn't want to miss the chance to interact with his colleagues. He sent several emails to his manager suggesting that he be moved to a private office, but his emails were ignored. His boss later told him that he'd been offered the accommodation of working from home fulltime, so the employer had done everything it was legally required to do.

Legal challenge: The worker sued for disability discrimination, arguing that the employer failed to engage in the interactive process.

Result: The employer lost. The court said a jury should

decide whether the organization's offer of working from home fulltime was reasonable. The judge said the employer had a duty to participate in the backand-forth process required to find an accommodation. It wasn't enough to give the worker a take-it-or-leave-it offer and prematurely end the interactive process.

The skinny: Courts expect employers to act in good faith when identifying potential accommodations for disabled staffers. Organizations that prematurely shut down the interactive process rarely win in court.

Cite: *Ali v. Regan,* U.S. Court of Appeals D.C., No. 22-5124, 8/9/24.

You make the call: The Decision

(See case on page 2)

Yes. The company won. The court dismissed the lawsuit. The judge ruled that the woman wasn't terminated because she took lactation breaks. She was legitimately let go because she secretly recorded a meeting with her boss in violation of the employer's conduct policy.

Even though the woman had been allowed to take lactation breaks, the organization had no legal duty to pay her for those breaks. So the employer was on solid ground when it decided to stop paying her as well as other women who needed lactation breaks.

And once the company discovered that the woman had secretly recorded a conversation with her boss, the employer was justified in dismissing her for violating the personal-conduct policy, decided the court.

What it means: Avoid costly retaliation lawsuits

You might be surprised to learn that more than half of employment-related lawsuits involve allegations of retaliation, so it wasn't unusual for this employer to face a retaliation lawsuit.

However, the woman here was unable to make her case stick because the company offered a legitimate, non-discriminatory justification for dismissing her.

Key: Make sure you have a solid reason for terminating someone who has recently alleged biased behavior. Doing so will significantly reduce the chances that your employer will get entangled in a costly retaliation lawsuit.

Based on Spagnolia v. Charter Communications LLC.



legal nightmare

After worker begins to transition to male from female, his boss calls him 'baby girl'

Overview

After deciding to transition to a male from a female, a staff member was taunted by his coworkers who frequently referred to him as "ma'am" and a supervisor who called him "baby girl."

The scenario

Shortly after starting his job with the Georgia Department of Corrections at Rogers State Prison, Reidsville, GA, Tyler Copeland decided to socially and medically transition to a man from a woman. He underwent hormone replacement therapy, legally changed his name and decided to openly live as a man.

When Copeland informed his employer about the

change in his gender identity, things didn't go well. Without Copeland's approval or knowledge, his manager told the entire prison staff about Copeland's transition.

From that day on, Copeland was misgendered by his bosses and coworkers. Crew mates finished their radio transmissions by calling him "ma'am." One coworker said Copeland must have a dildo in his pants. Others referred to him using the pronouns "that" and "it." His supervisor taunted him by calling him "baby girl."

The offensive behavior even became physical. As Copeland was entering the prison one day, Sheila Holland, a fellow officer, blocked the doorway and confronted Copeland, saying, "We can fight." She also said she was unhappy Copeland objected when he was called ma'am, claiming that she was "proud to be a woman."

Legal challenge

Copeland sued for a hostile workplace motivated by his transgender status.

The ruling

The employer lost. The worker endured severe and pervasive harassment that occurred almost every day. Worse, said the judge, his supervisors were among those who harassed him the most.

Based on Copeland v. Georgia Department of Corrections.

TAB H

SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

<u>Medical Staff Services Department</u> <u>MEMORANDUM</u>

DATE: January 22, 2025

TO: Chair

Governing Board

FROM: Sherif Khalil, M.D., Chairman

Medical Executive Committee

SUBJECT: MEDICAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT

At the Medical Executive Committee meeting held on this date, the following items were approved, with recommendations for final approval by the Governing Board:

Approval Item(s):

2025 Annual Approval of Policies & Procedures

The attached list of policies and procedures is submitted for approval. (See attached.)

Peer Review Committee Report

Trending OB Cases/MD#3700

At the last Peer Review Committee meeting, it was agreed to forward a letter to MD#3700, requesting his attendance at the next meeting to provide clarification on the reviewed obstetric cases. The next Peer Review Committee meeting will be held in February 2025.

Informational Item:

Fenton Jurkowitz Law Group

This Committee voted to direct the Fenton Jurkowitz Law Group to terminate any litigation on behalf of the Medical Staff. In particular, to dismiss any legal complaint by the Medical Staff against San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital or San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital Health District. They will be asked to discontinue any further legal services in correction with such litigation.

SAN GORGONIO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL 2025 APPROVAL OF POLICIES & PROCEDURES

Title	Policy Area	Revised?
Admissions	Nursing	Revised
Licensed and Non Licensed Independent Practitioners Disaster Credentialing - Disaster Policy	Emergency Preparedness	Revised
Pain Assessment and Management	Nursing	Revised
Thickened Liquids	Dietary	Revised

TAB I

	Title	Policy Area	Owner	Workflow Approval
			Hunter, Joey: Director	
1	2025 Environment of Care Security		Emergency Preparedness, EOC	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Management Plan	Emergency Preparedness	& Security	District Board of Directors
2	Abuse – Identification and Reporting of Elder		Brady, Angela: Chief Nursing	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	and Dependent Person (Adult)	Administration	Executive	District Board of Directors
3	Acquisition of Computing and		Maja, Cosmina: Information	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
,	Telecommunications Systems Hardware	Information Services	Services Director	District Board of Directors
4			Maja, Cosmina: Information	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
7	Call Back of Information Services Personnel	Information Services	Services Director	District Board of Directors
5			Hawthorne, Lakeisha: Director	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
)	Clinical Diet Manual	Dietary	Food and Nutrition	District Board of Directors
6	Code Purple Procedure for the Emergency		Brady, Angela: Chief Nursing	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
O	Department	Administration	Executive	District Board of Directors
7				Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
/	Complete Medical Records	Medical Records	Cornwall, Connie: HIM Manager	District Board of Directors
8	Computer, Network, Mobile and Internet		Maja, Cosmina: Information	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
0	Access Policy	Information Services	Services Director	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
9			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Dietary Nourishments	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
10			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Discharge Planning Coordination	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
11	Disclosure of Protected Health Information			Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
11	(PHI) To Patients	Medical Records	Cornwall, Connie: HIM Manager	District Board of Directors
12	Environment of Care/Life Safety Committee		Sanchez, Salvador: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
12	(Fire Safety) Plan 2024-2025	Environment of Care	Engineering	District Board of Directors
			Hunter, Joey: Director	
13			Emergency Preparedness, EOC	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Hazardous Chemical Spill - Code Orange	Emergency Preparedness	& Security	District Board of Directors

	Title	Policy Area	Owner	Workflow Approval
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
14			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Legal Hold or in Custody, Care of Patients	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
15	Mammography Phantom Quality Imaging and		Chamberlin, Krystal: Director	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
13	Assessment	Diagnostic Imaging	Diagnostic Imaging	District Board of Directors
16			Garcia, Antonia: Director of OB	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
10	Newborn Hyperbilirubinemia Management	Obstetrics	Services	District Board of Directors
17			Garcia, Antonia: Director of OB	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
17	Obstetrical Instrument Disposal	Obstetrics	Services	District Board of Directors
10	Operations of the Information Services		Maja, Cosmina: Information	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
18	Department	Information Services	Services Director	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
19			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Patient Diet Orders and Nursing Protocol	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
20	Pediatric/Adolescent Admissions in the Adult		Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Hospital	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
21			Garcia, Antonia: Director of OB	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
21	Rubella Vaccination	Obstetrics	Services	District Board of Directors
			Hunter, Joey: Director	
22	Shelter-in-Place and Evacuation Plan - Disaster		Emergency Preparedness, EOC	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Policy	Emergency Preparedness	& Security	District Board of Directors
23			Maja, Cosmina: Information	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
23	Software Acquisition and Maintenance	Information Services	Services Director	District Board of Directors
24			Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
24	Surgical Services - Cesarean Sections	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
25			Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
25	Surgical Services - Death of a Patient	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
26	Surgical Services - Forensics Legal Chain of		Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
20	Custody	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR BOARD APPROVAL - Hospital and District Board Meeting February 4, 2025

	Title	Policy Area	Owner	Workflow Approval
27			Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
27	Surgical Services - Frozen Section - Pathology	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
28			Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
20	Surgical Services - Patient Skin Antisepsis	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
29	Surgical Services - Procedures Requiring a		Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
29	Surgical Assistant	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
30	Surgical Services-Cardiopulmonary Arrest/Code		Castillo, Yubitza: Director of	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
30	Blue	Surgical Services	Surgical Services	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
31			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Transfer of Inpatients to Other Facilities	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors
32			Garcia, Antonia: Director of OB	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
32	Umbilical Arterial Catheterization	Obstetrics	Services	District Board of Directors
22			Garcia, Antonia: Director of OB	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
33	Vaginal Birth After Cesarean (VBAC)	Obstetrics	Services	District Board of Directors
			Freude, Gayle: Director	
34			Med/Surg/CM and SW and P&P	Ariel Whitley for Healthcare
	Weighing and Measuring Patients	Nursing	Chairperson	District Board of Directors

TAB J

Friday, January 17, 2025

New clinic focuses on primary care

BY DYLAN LOTTS
Record Gazette Staff

The San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital and Apna Health have partnered to launch the San Gorgonio Memorial Healthcare District Clinic in Banning.

A ribbon-cutting ceremony will be held to celebrate the clinic's grand opening, located at 264 N. Highland Springs Avenue, at 11 a.m. Friday, Jan. 24.

The space will act as a primary care clinic. Services will include chronic disease management, acute illness management, preventative care, senior and geriatric care, pediatrics/well-child visits, physicals, hospital follow-ups, transition of care and immunizations.

The hospital also recently added a board-certified OB-GYN physician.

Angela Brady, chief nurse executive of San

Gorgonio Memorial Hospital, said the clinic would help provide accessible care to residents, mainly in the community.

"As health care has shifted outside of the hospital and more to outpatient services, the hospital has needed to respond to the community in providing these services," Brady said. "So, we have to go outside these walls.

SEE CLINIC PAGE 5

CLINIC FROM PAGE 1

There's a huge lack of access to primary care, not only here in this area, but also in the Inland Empire. And that is why we started the primary health care district clinic in partnership with Apna Health and it's essential for the resources in the community."

The clinic will also offer Enhanced Care Management in partnership with the Inland Empire Health Plan. The program offers people with complex medical and social needs personalized, coordinated care.

"It ensures that patients receive comprehensive support, including assistance navigating the health care system, managing chronic conditions and connecting with community resources to address social determinants of health," Brady said.

Brady has been working at the hospital for 20 years. She began as a nurse in the emergency department (ED), then moved to a charge nurse, director of the emergency department and is now the chief nurse executive. When she began, the ED saw 40 to 50 patients a day. Now, it sees 45,000 patients a year.

Brady said ED and hospitalized patients get discharged and have trouble scheduling appointments with their primary care physician due to availability. Thus, she said the clinic will offer same-day appointments for people to help alleviate that problem.

"A lot of times, patients come into the ED and they're discharged and they need to follow up with a primary care physician," Brady said. "Well, it's harder and harder to get these appointments, so we offer same-day appointments and then any patient who is discharged from the hospital...can also come over to the clinic. So, it's a continuation of care."

Three primary care physicians and one OB-GYN will be stationed at the clinic, but as it grows, more can be added through the hospital's partnership with Apna Health.

"We do have the three primary care (physicians) and then the OB-GYN, but with our partnership with Apna Health, they can provide us more physicians," she said.

The hospital is making many strides toward providing better care for residents in the region. Recently, the hospital was designated as a certified stroke center.

Many improvements have also been made to the technology and equipment available to patients, for which Brady displayed gratitude to the Morongo Band of Mission Indians. "Without them we wouldn't have been able to start the clinic, they provided the donation to start the clinic," she said.



The San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital and Apna Health have partnered to open the San Gorgonio Memorial District Healthcare Clinic. (Angela Brady/Submitted)

"Most of our technology is now state of the art," Brady continued. "Our investment in the Da Vinci Robotic System has brought some cutting-edge technology to our hospital, and all this is thanks to the incredible support of Morongo Band of Mission Indians in their partnership with the hospital foundation. We have been able to achieve these remarkable advancements that directly benefit our patients and their families."

Brady said she is proud of the work the hospital has put in to ensuring better care for residents in the San Gorgonio Pass area.

"As a nurse, as a mother, as a member of this community and now an executive, I am proud of the work that our board, our leadership team and associates have accomplished," she said. "These milestones reflect San Gorgonio's dedication to addressing health care needs of our community, and again, the Morongo Band of Mission Indians have been instrumental in making these initiatives a reality."





Impact of Presidential Immigration Executive Orders on Hospital Care

Caring for the sick and healing the injured — without regard to a patient's ethnicity, national origin, or citizenship status — is the mission of all hospitals. There is a special trust between patients and health care providers, and no one should ever be afraid to seek care for themselves or their loved ones because they fear being deported. This analysis of the intersection of California law and federal activities and actions around immigration enforcement is intended to support hospitals as they continue to care for patients.

Responding to Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Inquiries

- The U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) is responsible for enforcing federal immigration laws.
- In 2021, the ICE director issued an <u>internal memo</u> directing ICE officers to generally avoid conducting enforcement activities (such as arrests, interviews, searches, and surveillance) at protected areas, including hospitals, churches, and schools (with rare exceptions). This policy did not prevent immigration enforcement actions at, or focused on, these locations, but rather provided guidance that these areas should generally be avoided. Adoption of this internal policy did not change the law not for ICE officers, and not for hospitals. It only directed ICE officers to avoid protected locations in most cases.
- This internal ICE policy was rescinded by the Department of Homeland Security on January 21, 2025. Although ICE officers are technically now "free" to undertake all enforcement activities in these locations, including hospitals, if they wish, how a hospital responds to ICE is no different today than it was previously. Although it is too early to know whether this change in policy will result in increased enforcement activities at hospitals, the laws that hospitals need to follow have not changed. Hospitals should continue to follow their current policies and procedures when interacting with ICE officials.
- As a reminder, California and federal health information privacy laws prohibit hospitals, physicians, and other health care providers from disclosing patient information to ICE officers unless:
 - The patient signs a legally compliant "authorization for the release of information" form
 - o The officer provides a valid subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, search warrant lawfully issued to ICE, or court order (for medical information requests)
 - The officer provides a valid judicial warrant signed by a United States District Court judge or magistrate (for physical access requests)

- Another law specifically requires the disclosure
- Frontline and clinical staff should be trained to neither confirm nor deny the presence of a patient to an ICE officer, and to refer the officer to the administrator on duty. The administrator on duty may wish to consult the hospital's legal counsel or privacy officer to determine how to respond to an ICE officer.
- Most hospitals maintain a hospital directory that lists patients' names and room numbers; the directory is typically used by hospital operators and lobby desk staff. California and federal health information privacy laws allow hospitals to disclose a patient's name and room number to callers and visitors, such as family members, friends, florists, clergy, etc. Although ICE officers wear uniforms, it is possible that a plainclothes or undercover ICE officer could pose as a legitimate visitor and obtain the patient's room number. Patients are informed at the time of admission of the existence of the hospital directory and their right to opt out of being listed. However, many patients do not read hospitals' Notice of Privacy Practices. Hospitals may wish to bring this information to their patients' attention by using a separate document or by having admitting personnel notify them verbally.
- For additional information, California Attorney General Rob Bonta has published a guide to assist health care facilities in responding to immigration related issues.

Birthright Citizenship

- President Trump has issued an executive order ending automatic citizenship to children born without at least one parent who holds U.S. citizenship or lawful permanent resident status (green card) at the time of birth. This executive order, which had been scheduled to take effect on February 19, 2025, has been temporarily blocked by a federal court.
- The process for issuing birth certificates, and the role hospitals play, is relevant to the policy issues regarding birthright citizenship.
- Neither hospitals nor the federal government issue birth certificates. Hospitals complete a
 Certificate of Live Birth (Health and Safety Code Section 102425) and submit the form to the
 county registrar. The Certificate of Live Birth does not include citizenship or immigration
 information.
- The state annually reports vital statistics obtained from county registrars to the federal government.
- Since there is no federal birth registry and because the birth certificate process is left to the states, it is unclear how the Trump Administration intends to enforce the executive order should the courts allow it to be implemented.
- CHA will monitor the lawsuits challenging this executive order and potential efforts to change the birth certificate process.

Employment Eligibility Verification Processes

- Hospitals as employers are reminded of existing laws regarding verifying eligibility for employment. Federal law prohibits employers from hiring individuals who are not authorized to work in the United States. Employers must verify a new employee's eligibility by completing the federal Form I-9. This includes citizens and noncitizens (with appropriate eligibility to work).
- Employers must retain and store I-9 forms for each employee and make the forms available for inspection, if requested, by authorized U.S. government officials from the Department of Homeland Security, Department of Labor, or Department of Justice.
- Form I-9 inspections are usually performed with advance notice. Typically, an employer will receive a written Notice of Inspection ("NOI") at least three days before the inspection. However, government officials may also use subpoenas and warrants to obtain the forms without providing three days' notice.
- Upon receipt of a NOI, the California Immigration Protection Act (AB 450, 2017/ Labor Code Section 90.2(a)(1)) requires an employer to notify each current employee and the employee's union representative within 72 hours of receiving the NOI that an inspection is forthcoming. Additionally, the employer must inform employees by posting the notice in the language normally used by the employer to communicate employment-related information to the employee. The California Labor Commissioner has provided a template that employers may use to comply with this requirement.

Primary Care & OB-GYN Services







San Gorgonio Memorial Healthcare District Clinic & Apna Health



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Primary Care & OB-GYN Services







San Gorgonio Memorial Memorial Healthcare District Clinic & Apna Health



About Us:

San Gorgonio Memorial Healthcare District, in partnership with Apna Health, is here to support you and provide comprehensive care to all ages and stages of life. Our clinic is dedicated to meeting the diverse needs of the community by offering personalized, compassionate, and accessible healthcare. We are committed to enhancing community health and strive to provide patient-centered care that prioritizes health and wellness.

Primary Care:

- We accept ALL AGES
- Provide Chronic Disease Management
- Provide Acute Illnesses Management
- Preventative Care
- Senior and Geriatric Care
- Pediatric Well Child Visits and Physicals
- Hospital Follow-Ups/Transitions of Care
- Immunizations

Obstetrics & Gynecology:

- Comprehensive Care for Women at Every Stage of Life
- Well Women Exams
- Preventative Care
- Family Planning
- Pregnancy
- Menopause Management and Beyond

New accepting new patients! Call today for an appointment @ (951) 769-4897

Q 264 N. Highland Springs Ave., Suite 3D Banning, Ca 92220

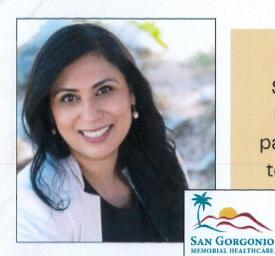
www.sgmhdc.org www.apnahealth.com





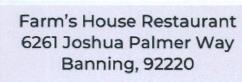
Sunrise Breakfast

February 19, 2025 7:00 AM

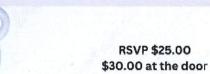


Dr. Jasleen Singh

San Gorgonio Memorial
Hospital Health District
partners with Apna Health
to bring health access to
the community.



APNA HEALTH



Banning Chamber of Commerce | 60 E. Ramsey St | Banning, CA 92220 US

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Presented with Gratitude and Pride



SAPNA HEALTH

In celebration of the grand opening on January 24, 2025, this clinic stands as a testament to the shared commitment of San Gorgonio Memorial Healthcare District APNA Health, and our community to provide accessible, high-quality care for all.

With a vision of wellness, innovation, and compassion, we proudly dedicate this clinic to improving the health of our community for generations to come.

With Appreciation from the Hospital/District Board of Directors